# 89440A Installation and Verification Guide

Manufacturing Part Number: 89440-90056
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## **Notice**

# **Hewlett-Packard to Agilent Technologies Transition**

This manual may contain references to HP or Hewlett-Packard. Please note that Hewlett-Packard's former test and measurement, semiconductor products and chemical analysis businesses are now part of Agilent Technologies. To reduce potential confusion, the only change to product numbers and names has been in the company name prefix: where a product name/number was HP XXXX the current name/number is now Agilent XXXX. For example, model number HP8648 is now model number Agilent 8648.

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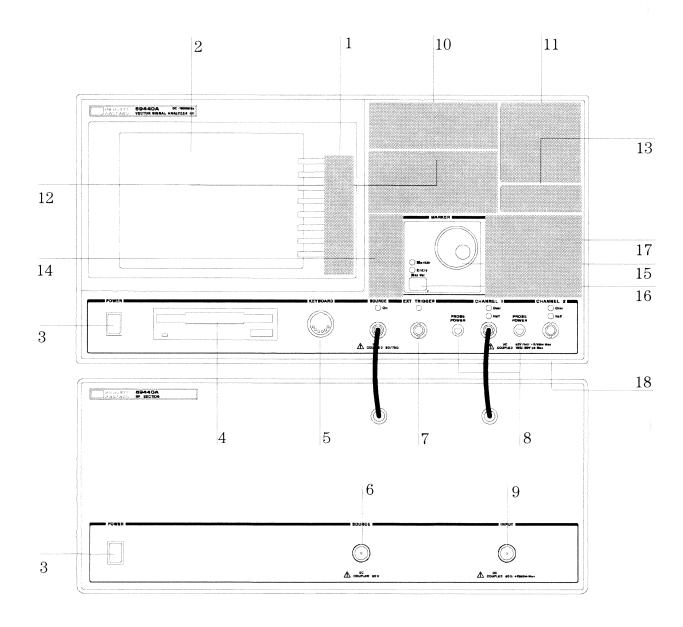
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# The HP 89440A at a Glance



#### **HP 89440A Front Panel**

- 1-A softkey's function changes as different menus are displayed. Its current function is determined by the video label to its left, on the analyzer's screen.
- **2**-The analyzer's screen is divided into two main areas. The menu area, a narrow column at the screen's right edge, displays softkey labels. The data area, the remaining portion of the screen, displays traces and other data.
- **3**-The POWER switch turns the analyzer on and off.
- **4**-Use a 3.5-inch flexible disk (DS,HD) in this disk drive to save your work.
- **5**-The KEYBOARD connector allows you to attach an optional keyboard to the analyzer. The keyboard is most useful for writing and editing HP Instrument BASIC programs.
- **6** The SOURCE connector routes the analyzer's source output to your DUT. If option AY8 (internal RF source) is installed, the connector is a type-N. If option AY8 is not installed, the connector is a BNC. Output impedance is 50 ohms or 75 ohms with option 1D7 (minimum loss pads).
- **7**-The EXT TRIGGER connector lets you provide an external trigger for the analyzer.
- **8**-The PROBE POWER connectors provides power for various HP active probes.
- **9**-The INPUT connector routes your test signal or DUT output to the analyzer's receiver. Input impedance is 50 ohms or 75 ohms with option 1D7 (minimum loss pads).
- 10-Use the DISPLAY hardkeys and their menus to select and manipulate trace data and to select display options for that data.

- **11**-Use the SYSTEM hardkeys and their menus to control various system functions (online help, plotting, presetting, and so on).
- 12-Use the MEASUREMENT hardkeys and their menus to control the analyzer's receiver and source, and to specify other measurement parameters.
- **13**-The REMOTE OPERATION hardkey and LED indicators allow you to set up and monitor the activity of remote devices.
- **14**-Use the MARKER hardkeys and their menus to control marker positioning and marker functions.
- **15**-The knob's primary purpose is to move a marker along the trace. But you can also use it to change values during numeric entry, move a cursor during text entry, or select a hypertext link in help topics.
- 16-Use the Marker/Entry key to determine the knob's function. With the Marker indicator illuminated, the knob moves a marker along the trace. With the Entry indicator illuminated, the knob changes numeric entry values.
- **17**-Use the ENTRY hardkeys to change the value of numeric parameters or to enter numeric characters in text strings.
- 18-The optional CHANNEL 2 input connector routes your test signal or DUT output to the analyzer's receiver. Input impedance is selectable: 50 ohms, 75 ohms, or 1 megohm. For ease of upgrading, the CHANNEL 2 BNC connector is installed even if option AY7 (second input channel) is not installed.

For more details on the HP 89440A front panel, display the online help topic "Front Panel."

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# $Options\ and\ Accessories$

To determine if an option is installed, press [  $System\ Utility\ ]$  [ option  $setup\ ]$ . Installed options are also listed on the analyzer's rear panel.

To order an option to upgrade your HP 89440A, order HP 89440U followed by the option number.

Option Description	HP 89440U Option	
Add Internal RF Source	AY8	
Add High Precision Frequency Reference	AYC	
Add Vector Modulation Analysis	AYA	
Add Waterfall and Spectrogram		AYB
Add Digital Video Modulation Analysis and	Adaptive Equalization	AYH
Add Adaptive Equalization to option AYA		AYJ
Add Second 10 MHz Input Channel		AY7
Extend Time Capture to 1 megasample		AY9
Add 4 megabyte Extended RAM and Additi	onal I/O	UFG
Add Advanced LAN Support		UG7
Add HP Instrument BASIC		1C2
Add 50 - 75 Ohm Minimum Loss Pads		107
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	U.S. version	1F0
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	German version	1F1
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	Spanish version	1F2
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	French version	1F3
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	U.K. version	1F4
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	Italian version	1F5
Add PC-Style Keyboard and Cable	Swedish version	1F6
Add Front Handle Kit		AX3
Add Rack Flange Kit		AX4
Add Flange and Handle Kit		AX5
Add Extra Manual Set		0B1
Add Extra Instrument BASIC Manuals		OBU
Add Service Manual		0B3

The accessories listed in the following table are supplied with the HP 89440A.

Supplied Accessories
Line Power Cable (see page 1-4)
Rear Panel Lock Foot Kit (HP 5062-3999)
BNC Cable - 12 inch (HP 8120-1838)
2 BNC Cables - 8.5 inch (HP 8120-2682)
Coax BNC(m)-to-coax BNC(m) Connector (HP 1250-1499, deleted with option AY4)
Type N-to-BNC Adapter (HP 1250-0780, 2 with option AY8)
Serial Interface Interconnect Cable (HP 8120-6230)
Interconnect Cable EMI Suppressor (HP 9170-1521)
Standard Data Format Utilities (HP 5061-8054)
HP 89440A/HP 89441A Operator's Guide
HP 89440A/HP 89441A Getting Started Guide
HP 89440A Installation and Verification Guide
HP 89400 Series HP-IB Command Reference
HP 89400 Series HP-IB Quick Reference
HP 89400 Series Documentation Roadmap

### The accessories listed in the following table are available for the HP 89440A.

Available Accessories	Part Number
HP 89411A 21.4 MHz Down Converter	HP 89411A
Spectrum and Network Measurements	HP 5960-5718
Box of ten 3.5-inch double-sided, double-density disks	HP 92192A
Active Probe	HP 41800A
Active Probe	HP 54701A
Active Divider Probe	HP 1124A
Resistor Divider Probe	HP 10020A
Differential Probe (requires HP 1142A)	HP 1141A
Probe Control and Power Module	HP 1142A
50 Ohm RF Bridge	HP 86205A
Switch/Control Unit	HP 3488A
High-Performance Switch/Control Unit	HP 3235A
HP-IB Cable - 1 meter	HP 10833A
HP-IB Cable - 2 meter	HP 10833B
HP-IB Cable - 4 meter	HP 10833C
HP-IB Cable - 0.5 meter	HP 10833D
HP ThinkJet Printer	HP 2225A
HP QuietJet Plus Printer	HP 2227B
HP Jet Paper	HP 92261N
HP ColorPro 8-Pen Plotter, option 002	HP 7440A
6-Pen Graphic Plotter, option 002	HP 7475A
8-Pen Graphic Plotter, option 005	HP 7550B

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#### Notation Conventions

Before you use this book, it is important to understand the types of keys on the front panel of the analyzer and how they are denoted in this book.

**Hardkeys** Hardkeys are front-panel buttons whose functions are always the same. Hardkeys have a label printed directly on the key. In this book, they are printed like this: **[Hardkey]**.

**Softkeys** Softkeys are keys whose functions change with the analyzer's current menu selection. A softkey's function is indicated by a video label to the left of the key (at the edge of the analyzer's screen). In this book, softkeys are printed like this: [softkey].

**Toggle Softkeys** Some softkeys toggle through multiple settings for a parameter. Toggle softkeys have a word highlighted (of a different color) in their label. Repeated presses of a toggle softkey changes which word is highlighted with each press of the softkey. In this book, toggle softkey presses are shown with the requested toggle state in bold type as follows:

"Press [key name on]" means "press the softkey [key name] until the selection on is active."

**Shift Functions** In addition to their normal labels, keys with blue lettering also have a shift function. This is similar to shift keys on a pocket calculator or the shift function on a typewriter or computer keyboard. Using a shift function is a two-step process. First, press the blue [**Shift**] key (at this point, the message "shift" appears on the display). Then press the key with the shift function you want to enable. Shift function are printed as two key presses, like this:

[Shift] [Shift Function]

**Numeric Entries** Numeric values may be entered by using the numeric keys in the lower right hand ENTRY area of the analyzer front panel. In this book, values which are to be entered from these keys are indicted only as numerals in the text, like this: Press 50, [enter]

**Ghosted Softkeys** A softkey label may be shown in the menu when it is inactive. This occurs when a softkey function is not appropriate for a particular measurement or not available with the current analyzer configuration. To show that a softkey function is not available, the analyzer "ghosts" the inactive softkey label. A ghosted softkey appears less bright than a normal softkey. Settings/values may be changed while they are inactive. If this occurs, the new settings are effective when the configuration changes such that the softkey function becomes active.

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### In This Book

This guide provides instructions for installing and verifying the performance of the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer.

Chapter 1, "Preparing the Analyzer for Use," provides step-by-step instructions for getting the analyzer ready to use and instructions on cleaning the screen, storing, and transporting.

Chapter 2, "Verifying Specifications," provides step-by-step instructions for installing and running the semiautomated performance test software. This chapter also provides illustrations that show the equipment set up for each test and a copy of the test records.

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Preparing the Analyzer for Use

## Preparing the Analyzer for Use

This chapter contains instructions for inspecting and installing the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer. This chapter also includes instructions for cleaning the screen, transporting and storing the analyzer.

#### **Power Requirements**

The analyzer can operate from a single-phase ac power source supplying voltages as shown in the table. With all options installed, the total power consumption of both sections is less than 1025 VA.

#### **AC Line Voltage**

Range	Frequency
90-140 Vrms	47-63 Hz
198-264 Vrms	47-63 Hz

The line-voltage selector switches are set at the factory to match the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination; the appropriate fuses are also installed. To check or change either the line-voltage selector switch or the fuse, see the appropriate sections later in this chapter.

Warning	Only a qualified service person, aware of the hazards involved, should measure the line voltage.
Caution	Before applying ac line power to the analyzer, ensure the line-voltage selector switches are set for the proper line voltage and the correct line fuses are installed in the fuse holders.

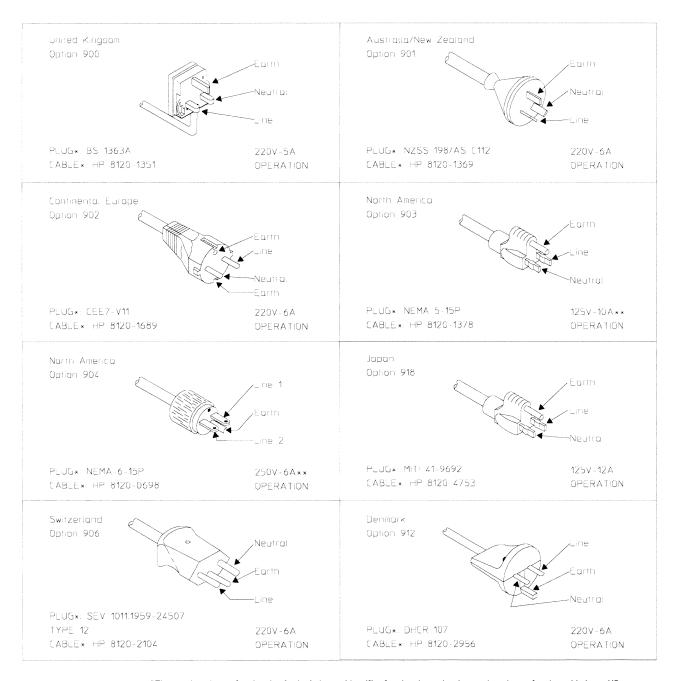
#### **Power Cable and Grounding Requirements**

On the HP-IB connector, pin 12 and pins 18 through 24 are tied to chassis ground and the HP-IB cable shield. The instrument frame, chassis, covers, and all exposed metal surfaces including the connectors' outer shell are connected to chassis ground. However, if channel 2 in the IF section is not installed, the channel 2 BNC connector's outer shell is not connected to chassis ground.

#### Warning

DO NOT interrupt the protective earth ground or "float" the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer. This action could expose the operator to potentially hazardous voltages.

The analyzer is equipped with two three-conductor power cords which ground the analyzer when plugged into appropriate receptacles. The type of power cable plug shipped with each analyzer depends on the country of destination. The following figure shows available power cables and plug configurations.



<sup>\*</sup>The number shown for the plug is the industry identifier for the plug only, the number shown for the cable is an HP part number for a complete cable including the plug.

### Warning

The power cable plug must be inserted into an outlet provided with a protective earth terminal. Defeating the protection of the grounded analyzer cabinet can subject the operator to lethal voltages.

<sup>\*\*</sup>UL listed for use in the United States of America.

## To do the incoming inspection

The HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer was carefully inspected both mechanically and electrically before shipment. It should be free of marks or scratches, and it should meet its published specifications upon receipt.

- 1 Inspect the analyzer for physical damage incurred in transit. If the analyzer was damaged in transit, do the following:
  - Save all packing materials.
  - File a claim with the carrier.
  - Call your Hewlett-Packard sales and service office.

#### Warning

If the analyzer is mechanically damaged, the integrity of the protective earth ground may be interrupted. Do not connect the analyzer to power if it is damaged.

**2** Check that the line-voltage selector switches are set for the local line voltage.

The line-voltage selector switches are set at the factory to match the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination. To check or change the line-voltage selector switches, see "To change the IF section's line-voltage switch" and "To change the RF section's line-voltage switch."

**3** Check that the correct line fuses are installed in the fuse holders.

The fuses are installed at the factory for the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination. The analyzer's IF section requires an 8 amp, 250 volt, normal blow fuse for 115 V operation and a 4 amp, 250 volt, normal blow fuse for 230 volt operation. The analyzer's RF section requires a 3 amp, 250 volt, normal blow fuse for 100/120 volt operation and a 1.5 amp, 250 volt, slow blow fuse for 220/240 volt operation. For instructions on removing the fuse or fuse part numbers, see "To change the IF section's fuse" and "To change the RF section's fuse."

**4** Connect the IF section to the RF section.

For instructions on connecting the sections, see "To connect the sections."

**5** Using the supplied power cords, plug the analyzer's IF section and RF section into appropriate receptacles.

The analyzer is shipped with two three-conductor power cords that ground the analyzer when plugged into appropriate receptacles. The type of power cable plug shipped with each analyzer depends on the country of destination. **6** Set the RF section's rear panel and front panel power switches to on.

Press the "I" symbol end of the rocker-switches located on the lower right of the rear panel and on the lower left of the front panel. The RF section provides standby power for the high precision frequency reference. The rear-panel power switch interrupts all power including standby power when you press the "O" symbol end of the switch. The front-panel power switch interrupts all power except standby power when you press the "O" symbol end of the switch.

**7** Set the IF section's power switch to on.

Press the "I" symbol end of the rocker-switch located on the lower left of the front panel. The analyzer requires about 30 seconds to complete its power-on routine.

**8** Test the electrical performance of the analyzer using the operation verification or the performance tests in chapter 2, "Verifying Specifications."

The operation verification tests verify the basic operating integrity of the analyzer; these tests take about 2.5 hours to complete and are a subset of the performance tests. The performance tests verify that the analyzer meets all the performance specifications; these tests take about 5 hours to complete.

#### To connect the sections

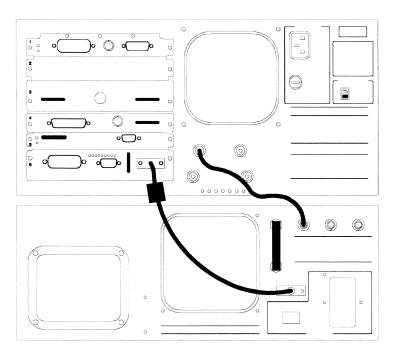
Do NOT use the IF section's EXT REF OUT connector or optional OVEN REF OUT connector as an external reference output.

**1** Attach the IF section to the RF section.

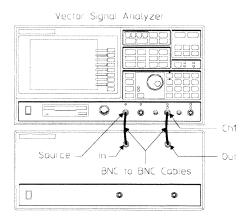
If the hardware is not installed, follow the instructions supplied with the Rear Panel Lock Foot Kit. If the hardware is already installed, slide the IF section on top of the RF section making sure the front lock-links engage the IF section's frame. Screw the rear lock feet together.

- 2 Connect the RF section's SERIAL 2 port to the IF section's SERIAL 2 port using the supplied serial interface interconnect cable. Make sure the end of the cable with the EMI suppressor is connected to the IF section.
- 3 Connect the RF section's OVEN REF OUT connector to the EXT REF IN connector using the supplied coax BNC-to-coax BNC connector.

  If the RF section does not have the OVEN REF OUT connector (option AY4, Delete High Precision Frequency Reference), connect a 1 MHz, 2 MHz, 5 MHz, or 10 MHz sine or square wave, with an amplitude greater than 0 dBm to the RF section's EXT REF IN connector. For best residual phase-noise, use 10 MHz with an amplitude greater than or equal to 5 dBm. See the HP 89440A Technical Data publication for specifications that require the high precision frequency reference.
- **4** Connect the RF section's 10 MHz REF TO IF SECTION connector to the IF section's EXT REF IN connector using the supplied 12-inch BNC-to-BNC cable.



- **5** Connect the IF section's SOURCE connector to the RF section's IN connector using the supplied 8.5-inch BNC-to-BNC cable.
- **6** Connect the IF section's CHANNEL 1 connector to the RF section's OUT connector using the supplied 8.5-inch BNC-to-BNC cable.



## To install the analyzer

The analyzer is shipped with plastic feet in place, ready for use as a portable bench analyzer. The plastic feet are shaped to make full-width modular instruments self-align when they are stacked.

• Install the analyzer to allow free circulation of cooling air.

Cooling air enters the analyzer through the rear panel and exhausts through both sides.

### Warning

To prevent potential fire or shock hazard, do not expose the analyzer to rain or other excessive moisture.

• Protect the analyzer from moisture and temperatures or temperature changes that cause condensation within the analyzer.

The operating environment specifications for the analyzer are listed in the *HP 89440A Technical Data* publication.

#### Caution

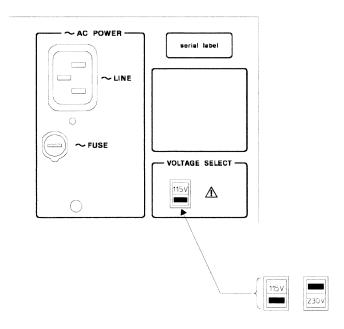
Use of the equipment in an environment containing dirt, dust, or corrosive substances will drastically reduce the life of the disk drive and the flexible disks. The flexible disks should be stored in a dry, static-free environment.

• To install the analyzer in an equipment cabinet, follow the instructions shipped with the rack mount kits.

## To change the IF section's line-voltage switch

The line-voltage selector switch is set at the factory to match the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination.

- 1 Unplug the power cord from the IF section (the section with "HP 89410A" silk screened on the lower right rear panel).
- **2** Slide the line voltage selector switch to the proper setting for the local line voltage.



AC Line Voltage		Voltage Select	
Range	Frequency	Switch	
90-140 Vrms	47-440 Hz	115	
198-264 Vrms	47-63 Hz	230	

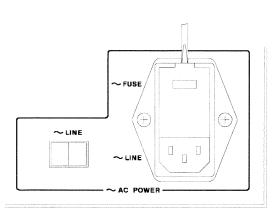
### Warning

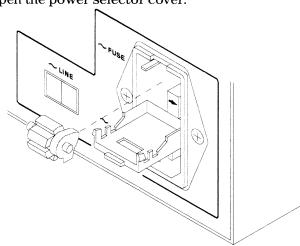
Only a qualified service person, aware of the hazards involved, should measure the line voltage.

## To change the RF section's line-voltage switch

The line-voltage selector switch is set at the factory to match the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination.

- 1 Unplug the power cord from the RF section (the section with "HP 89430A" silk screened on its lower left rear panel).
- 2 Using a small screw driver, pry open the power selector cover.





- **3** Remove the cylindrical line voltage selector.
- 4 Position the cylindrical line voltage selector so the required voltage will be facing out of the power selector, then reinstall.

**AC Line Voltage** 

	<del>-</del>	and the second s	
Range	Frequency	Selector Switch	
90-110 Vrms	47-63 Hz	100	
103-140 Vrms	47-63 Hz	120	
198-242 Vrms	47-63 Hz	220	
216-264 Vrms	47-63 Hz	240	

#### Warning

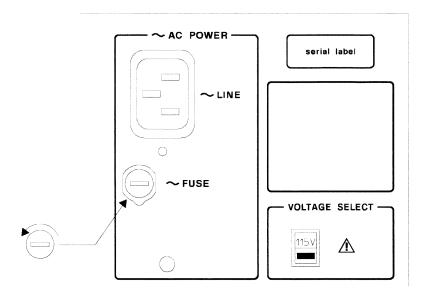
Only a qualified service person, aware of the hazards involved, should measure the line voltage.

- 5 Check that the proper fuse is installed. See "To change the RF section's fuse."
- **6** Close the power selector by pushing firmly on the power selector cover.
- 7 Check that the correct line voltage appears through the power selector cover.

## To change the IF section's fuse

The fuse is installed at the factory to match the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination.

- 1 Unplug the power cord from the IF section (the section with "HP 89410A" silk screened on its lower right rear panel).
- 2 Using a small screw driver, press in and turn the fuse holder cap counter-clockwise. Remove when the fuse cap is free from the housing.



- **3** Pull the fuse from the fuse holder cap.
- **4** To reinstall, select the proper fuse and place in the fuse holder cap.

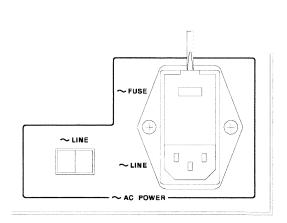
AC Line Voltage		Voltage		Fuse
Range	Frequency	Select Switch	HP Part Number	Туре
90-140 Vrms	47-440 Hz	115	2110-0342	8 A 250 V Normal Blow
198-264 Vrms	47-63 Hz	230	2110-0055	4 A 250 V Normal Blow

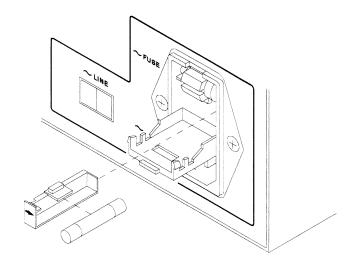
5 Place the fuse holder cap in the housing and turn clockwise while pressing in.

## To change the RF section's fuse

The fuse is installed at the factory to match the most commonly used line voltage in the country of destination.

- 1 Unplug the power cord from the RF section (the section with "HP 89430A" silk screened on its lower left rear panel).
- **2** Using a small screw driver, pry open the power selector cover.





- **3** Pull the white fuse holder out of the power selector and remove the fuse from the fuse holder.
- **4** Select the proper fuse and place in the fuse holder.

AC Line Voltage			Fuse		
Range	Frequency	Selector Switch	HP Part Number	Туре	
90-110 Vrms	47-63 Hz	100	2110-0003	3 A 250 V Normal Blow	
103-140 Vrms	47-63 Hz	120	2110-0003	3 A 250 V Normal Blow	
198-242 Vrms	47-63 Hz	220	2110-0304	1.5 A 250 V Slow Blow	
216-264 Vrms	47-63 Hz	240	2110-0304	1.5 A 250 V Slow Blow	

- 5 Align the white arrow on top of the fuse holder with the white arrow on the power selector cover. All three arrows should point in the same direction. Push the fuse holder into the top slot of the power selector.
- **6** Close the power selector by pushing firmly on the power selector cover.
- 7 Check that the correct line voltage appears through the power selector cover.

## To connect the analyzer to a LAN

Analyzers with option UFG, 4 megabyte extended RAM and additional I/O, have a ThinLAN and AUI (attachment unit interface) port for connecting the analyzer to the LAN (local area network).

- 1 Set the IF section's power switch to off ( 0 ).
- **2** Connect the ThinLAN BNC cable to the ThinLAN port or the appropriate media access unit (MAU) to the AUI port.
- **3** Set the IF section's power switch to on (1).
- **4** Press the following keys:

```
[Local/Setup]
[LAN setup]
[LAN port setup]
[port select ThinLAN (BNC)] Or [port select AUI (MAU)]
[IP address]
internet protocol address
[enter]
[Return]
[LAN power-on active]
```

See your LAN system administrator for the internet protocol address. Your LAN system administrator can also tell you if you need to set the gateway address or subnet mask.

## To connect the analyzer to a serial device

The IF section's Serial 1 port is a 9-pin, EIA-574 port that can interface with a printer or plotter. The total allowable transmission path length is 15 meters.

• Connect the IF section's SERIAL 1 port to a printer or plotter using a 9-pin female to 25-pin RS-232-C cable.

Part Number	Cable Description	
HP 24542G	9-pin female EIA-574 to 25-pin male RS-232	
HP 24542H	9-pin female EIA-574 to 25-pin female RS-232	

### To connect the analyzer to a parallel device

The IF section's Parallel Port is a 25-pin, Centronics port. The Parallel Port can interface with PCL printers or HP-GL plotters.

• Connect the IF section's rear panel PARALLEL PORT connector to a plotter or printer using a Centronics interface cable.

## To connect the analyzer to an HP-IB device

The analyzer is compatible with the Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-IB). The HP-IB is Hewlett-Packard's implementation of IEEE Standard 488.1 and 488.2. Total allowable transmission path length is 2 meters times the number of devices or 20 meters, whichever is less. Operating distances can be extended using an HP-IB Extender.

Analyzers with option UFG, 4 megabytes extended RAM and additional I/O, have an additional HP-IB connector. The additional HP-IB connector, SYSTEM INTERCONNECT, is only for connection to the spectrum analyzer that is used with the HP 89411A 21.4 MHz Down Converter.

• Connect the analyzer's rear panel HP-IB connector to an HP-IB device using an HP-IB interface cable.

#### Caution

The analyzer contains metric threaded HP-IB cable mounting studs as opposed to English threads. Use only metric threaded HP-IB cable lock screws to secure the cable to the analyzer. Metric threaded fasteners are black, while English threaded fasteners are silver.

For HP-IB programming information, see the HP 89400 Series HP-IB Command Reference.

### To connect the analyzer to an external monitor

The External Monitor connector is a 15-pin connector with standard VGA pinout. The External Monitor connector can interface with an external, multi-scanning monitor. The monitor must have a 25.5 kHz horizontal scan rate, a 60 Hz vertical refresh rate, and must conform to EIA-343-A standards.

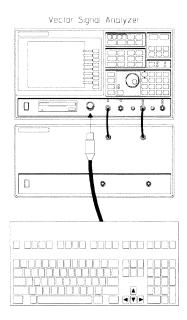
• Connect the analyzer's rear panel EXTERNAL MONITOR connector to an external monitor using an appropriate cable.

For additional information, see "EXTERNAL MONITOR connector" in the analyzer's online help.

## To connect the optional keyboard

The analyzer may be connected to an optional external keyboard. The keyboard remains active even when the analyzer is not in alpha entry mode. This means that you can operate the analyzer using the external keyboard rather than the front panel. Pressing the appropriate keyboard key does the same thing as pressing a hardkey or a softkey on the analyzer's front panel.

- 1 Set the IF section's power switch to on (1).
- **2** Connect the round plug on the keyboard cable to the KEYBOARD connector on the analyzer's front panel. Make sure to align the plug with the connector pins.



**3** Connect the other end of the keyboard cable to the keyboard.

#### Caution

In addition to the U.S. English keyboard, the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer supports U.K. English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, and Swedish. Use only the Hewlett-Packard approved keyboard for this product. Hewlett-Packard does not warrant damage or performance loss caused by a non-approved keyboard. See the beginning of this guide for part numbers of approved Hewlett-Packard keyboards.

**4** To configure your analyzer for a keyboard other than U.S. English, press [System Utility] [keyboard type]. Then press the appropriate softkey to select the language.

Configuring your analyzer to use a keyboard other than U.S. English only ensures that the analyzer recognizes the proper keys for that particular keyboard. Configuring your analyzer to use another keyboard *does not* localize the on-screen annotation or the analyzer's online HELP facility.

## To connect the optional minimum loss pad

The minimum loss pad (option 1D7) provides a 50 ohm matched impedance to the HP 89440A and a 75  $\Omega$  matched impedance to the device under test.

- 1 Connect the minimum loss pad to the RF section's INPUT or SOURCE connector.
- **2** Connect a 75  $\Omega$  cable between the minimum loss pad and the device under test. Use either a 75  $\Omega$  type-N cable or the supplied 75  $\Omega$  type-N(m)-to-BNC(f) adapter and a 75  $\Omega$  BNC cable.

#### Caution

Do NOT connect a 50  $\Omega$  cable or adapter to the 75  $\Omega$  minimum loss pad. The center pin is larger in a 50  $\Omega$  type-N connector than in a 75  $\Omega$  type-N connector. Connecting a 50  $\Omega$  type-N connector to the 75  $\Omega$  minimum loss pad will damage the 75  $\Omega$  minimum loss pad.

#### To clean the screen

The analyzer screen is covered with a plastic diffuser screen (this is not removable by the operator). Under normal operating conditions, the only cleaning required will be an occasional dusting. However, if a foreign material adheres itself to the screen, do the following:

- 1 Set the IF section's power switch to off ( $\bigcirc$ ).
- **2** Remove the power cord.
- **3** Dampen a soft, lint-free cloth with a mild detergent mixed in water.
- **4** Carefully wipe the screen.

#### Caution

Do not apply any water mixture directly to the screen or allow moisture to go behind the front panel. Moisture behind the front panel will severely damage the instrument.

To prevent damage to the screen, do not use cleaning solutions other than the above.

## To store the analyzer

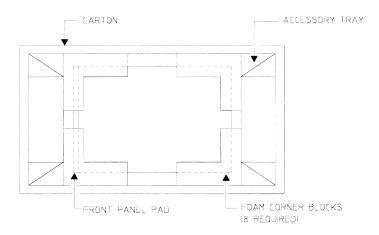
• Store the analyzer in a clean, dry, and static free environment. For other requirements, see environmental specifications in the *HP 89440A Technical Data* publication.

### To transport the analyzer

- Disconnect the IF section from the RF section and package each section using the original factory packaging or packaging identical to the factory packaging.
   Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard offices.
- If returning the analyzer to Hewlett-Packard for service, attach a tag to each container describing the following:
  - Type of service required
  - Return address
  - Model number
  - Full serial number

In any correspondence, refer to the analyzer by model number and both serial numbers.

- Mark the containers FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.
- If necessary to package the analyzer in containers other than original packaging, observe the following (use of other packaging is not recommended):
  - Wrap each section in heavy paper or anti-static plastic.
  - Protect the front panels with cardboard.
  - Use double-wall cartons made of at least 350-pound test material.
  - Cushion each section to prevent damage.



### Caution

Do not use styrene pellets in any shape as packing material for the analyzer. The pellets do not adequately cushion the analyzer and do not prevent the analyzer from shifting in the carton. In addition, the pellets create static electricity which can damage electronic components.

## If the IF section will not power up

Check that the power cord is connected to the IF section and to a live power source.
Check that the front-panel switch is on ( ).
Check that the voltage selector switch is set properly.  See "To change the IF section's line-voltage switch" on page 1-10.
Check that the fuse is good. See "To change the IF section's fuse" on page 1-12.
Check that the IF section's air circulation is not blocked. Cooling air enters the IF section through the rear panel and exhausts through both sides. If the IF section's air circulation is blocked, the IF section powers down to prevent damage from excessive temperatures. The IF section remains off until it cools down and its power switch is set to off ( $\circ$ ) then to on ( $\mid$ ).
Obtain HP service if necessary. See "Need Assistance?" at the end of this guide

# If the RF section will not power up

Check that the power cord is connected to the RF section and to a live power source.
Check that the RF section's rear panel and front panel power switches are on (   ).
Check that the voltage selector switch is set properly.  See "To change the RF section's line-voltage switch" on page 1-11.
Check that the fuse is good. See "To change the RF section's fuse" on page 1-13.
Check that the RF section's air circulation is not blocked.  Cooling air enters the RF section through the rear panel and exhausts through both sides. If the RF section's air circulation is blocked, the RF section powers down to prevent damage from excessive temperatures. The RF section turns back on when it cools down.
Obtain HP service, if necessary. See "Need Assistance?" at the end of this guide

# If the analyzer's stop frequency is 10 MHz

Check that the RF section's fan is running.  If the fan is not running, see "If the RF section will not power up."
Check that the Serial 2 port on the IF section and on the RF section are connected together.
Press [Instrument Mode] and check that the receiver softkey displays "RF section (2-1800 MHz)."
If the receiver softkey does not display "RF section (2-1800 MHz)" press [receiver] [RF section (2-1800 MHz)].
Leaving the RF section on, turn the IF section off ( $\bigcirc$ ) then on ( $ $ ). The IF section will not detect the RF section if the RF section was not on before the IF section performs the power-on routine.
Obtain HP service, if necessary. See "Need Assistance?" at the end of this guide.

2

Verifying Specifications

### Verifying Specifications

This chapter tells you how to use the *HP 89440A Auto Performance Test* disk. The performance test disk contains a program that semiautomates the operation verification tests and performance tests.

After you review this chapter, follow the directions in "To load the program" then continue with one of the following:

- "To run the program in semiautomated mode"
- "To run the program without a printer"
- "To run the program in manual mode"

#### Caution

Before applying line power to the analyzer or testing its electrical performance, see chapter 1, "Preparing the Analyzer for Use."

#### **Overview**

The *Auto Performance Test Disk* contains a program (ITM\_89440A) and two procedure files (OP\_VERIFY and PERFORMAN). ITM\_89440A is the test manager program. OP\_VERIFY is the operation verification procedure file and PERFORMAN is the performance test procedure file. The procedure files contain an ordered list of tests, and each test contains one or more measurements. Since ITM\_89440A reads the procedure files, the disk must remain in the disk drive during testing.

If you do not have a keyboard connected to the analyzer, use the numeric key pad and the alpha keys when the program prompts you to type in information. See the analyzer's help text for a description of the alpha keys.

If a test fails, contact your local Hewlett-Packard sales and service office or have a qualified service technician see chapter 1, "Troubleshooting the Analyzer," in the *HP 89430A Service Guide*.

#### **Features of the Program**

- The program can automatically create a printout similar to the test records at the back of this chapter.
- The program can beep when equipment connections need to be changed.
- The program can start the test sequence at any test in the operation verification or performance test list.
- The program can stop after each measurement or alternatively, only if a failure occurs.
- The program can be run in manual mode.

#### **Test Duration**

The operation verification tests require approximately four hours to complete in semiautomated mode. The performance tests require approximately five hours to complete in semiautomated mode.

#### **Calibration Cycle**

To verify that the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer is meeting its published specifications, do the performance tests every 12 months. The RF performance tests check the IF and RF sections together as a single instrument. Therefore, the RF performance tests must be repeated if the RF section is connected to a different IF section.

#### **Recommended Test Equipment**

The following table lists the recommended equipment needed to test the performance of the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer. Other equipment may be substituted for the recommended model if it meets or exceeds the listed critical specifications. The table also identifies the test equipment that is controlled by this program. If you use a test instrument that is not controlled by the program, the program prompts you to set the instrument state during testing.

Also, if you want the test record to be automatically printed, you need an HP-IB printer. If you want the printer to automatically leave top and bottom margins on every page, enable perforation skip mode (see your printer's manual for directions). If you do not have an HP-IB printer you must record the results of each test in the test records. These test records may be reproduced without written permission of Hewlett-Packard.

### **Recommended Test Equipment**

Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model	
Baseband Spectrum Analyzer	Frequency range 100 Hz to 40 MHz Amplitude range $-60$ to $+15$ dBm Dynamic range $<-67$ dBc Tracking Source @ 0 dBm Impedance 50 $\Omega$ and 75 $\Omega$ External reference input	HP 3585B† Alternate HP 3585A† HP 3588A† HP 3589A†	
Digital Multimeter	10 M $\Omega$ range Accuracy $\pm 0.5\%$	HP 3458A† Alternate HP 3455A† HP 3456A† HP 3478A†	
Frequency Standard	Accuracy ±0.5 ppm	HP 5061B	
Frequency Synthesizer	Frequency range 3 Hz to 10 MHz Amplitude range -36 to +20 dBm Amplitude resolution 0.01 Hz Impedance 50 Ω Harmonic distortion <-30 dBc Spurious <-70 dBc External reference input	HP 3326A† Alternate HP 3325A† HP 3325B†	
Milliwatt Power Meter	Range $\pm 0.2$ dBm Accuracy $\pm 0.0625$ dB	W&G EPM-1‡	
Power Meter	Accuracy $\pm 0.125~\text{dB}$	HP 438A† Alternate HP 436A†	
Power Sensor	Frequency range 2 to 1800 MHz Compatible with power meter	HP 8482A	
RF Spectrum Analyzer	Frequency range 2 MHz to 4 GHz Amplitude range $-60$ to $+15$ dBm Dynamic range $<-67$ dBc Impedance $50~\Omega$ External reference input Amplitude accuracy $\pm~1$ dB Frequency accuracy $\pm~125$ Hz at $600~MHz$	HP 8566B† Alternate HP 8566A†	
Signal Generator	Frequency range 2 MHz to 1.8 GHz Amplitude range $-30$ to $+20$ dBm Impedance $50$ $\Omega$ Spurious $<-82$ dBc External reference input	HP 8663A†	

<sup>†</sup> Program controlled test equipment. ‡ Wandel & Goltermann Inc., 1800 Wyatt Drive, Suite 2, Santa Clara, CA 95054 U.S.A. (408) 988-7622

### **Recommended Test Equipment (continued)**

Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model
Synthesizer/Level Generator	Frequency range 30 kHz to 74 MHz Amplitude range $-56$ to $+13$ dBm Amplitude accuracy $\pm 0.25$ dB Impedance $50~\Omega$ Spurious $<-70$ dBc External reference input	HP 3335A†
1 dB step attenuator (with cal data @ 10 MHz)	Range 0 to 8 dB Accuracy ±0.03 dB	HP 8494G‡ Alternate HP 355C HP 8494A HP 8494B HP 8494H‡
10 dB step attenuator (with cal data @ 10 MHz)	Range 0 to 70 dB Accuracy ±0.03 dB	HP 8495G‡ Alternate HP 355D HP 8495A HP 8495B HP 8495H‡ HP 8496A HP 8496B HP 8496G‡ HP 8496H‡
50 $\Omega$ Directional Bridge	Frequency range 100 kHz to 10 MHz Directivity > 40 dB	HP 35677-63502 Alternate HP 8721A ††
75 $\Omega$ Directional Bridge	Frequency range 100 kHz to 10 MHz Directivity > 40 dB	HP 35677-63504 Alternate HP 8721A opt 008 ††
Power Splitter	SWR $\leq$ 1.10 Impedance 50 $\Omega$ Two output ports	HP 11667A
200 MHz Low Pass Filter	Rejection $>$ 52 dB Impedance 50 $\Omega$	Daden # LA 200-10NN ‡‡
1000 MHz Low Pass Filter	Rejection $>$ 52 dB Impedance 50 $\Omega$	Daden # LA 1000-10NN ‡‡
50 Ω Feedthrough Termination (2 required for opt AY7)	Accuracy ±0.2%	HP 11048C

<sup>†</sup> Program controlled test equipment.

‡ Program controlled test equipment via HP 11713A Attenuator/Switch Driver (drives two attenuators).

†† This equipment will not meet 4:1 measurement uncertainty.

‡‡ Date Associates Inc., 23011 Moulton Parkway, A-12, Laguna Hills, CA 92653 U.S.A. (714) 368-1522 FAX (714) 366-9600

### **Recommended Test Equipment (continued)**

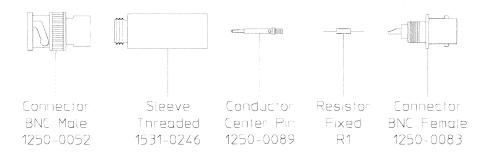
Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model
5 MHz Low Pass Filter	Rejection $>$ 52 dB Impedance 50 $\Omega$	TTE # J87-5M-50-613B ‡
10 MHz Low Pass Filter	Rejection $>$ 52 dB Impedance 50 $\Omega$	TTE #J87-10M-50-613B‡
100 k $\Omega$ Series Resistor†	Value 100 k $\Omega$ Accuracy $\pm 1\%$ Power 0.25 W	HP 0757-0465
Cables	(4) 50 $\Omega$ BNC 75 $\Omega$ BNC (2) 50 $\Omega$ Type-N	HP 8120-1840 HP 8120-0688 HP 15000C (24 inch) or HP 15000D (60 inch)
Adapters	BNC Tee (3) N(m)-to-BNC(f) N(f)-to-BNC(f) N(f)-to-BNC(f) BNC(f)-to-Dual Banana Plug(m) BNC(f)-to-BNC(m) $50 \Omega$ N(m)-to-BNC(m) $75 \Omega$ (2) SMA(m)-to-BNC(f)	HP 1250-0781 HP 1250-0780 HP 1250-1536 HP 1251-2277 HP 1250-0080 HP 1250-1473 HP 1250-1533 HP 1250-1462

<sup>†</sup> See "Suggested Assembly for Series Resistor."

#### **Suggested Assembly for Series Resistor**

The following is a suggested assembly for the 100 k $\Omega$  series resistor. The 100 k $\Omega$  series resistor is required for the Input Capacitance performance test.

- 1 Cut resistor leads to 12 mm on each end.
- 2 Solder one resistor lead to the center conductor of the BNC female connector.
- **3** Solder the conductor center pin to the other lead of the resistor.
- **4** Screw the sleeve and the BNC male connector into place. Tighten securely.



<sup>‡</sup> TTE Inc., 2251 Barry Ave, Los Angeles, CA 90064-1400 U.S.A. (310) 445-2791

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

A table starting on page 2-80 lists the measurement uncertainty and ratio for each performance test using the recommended test equipment. Except for the Intermodulation Distortion performance test, the ratios listed for the recommended test equipment meet or exceed the measurement uncertainty ratio required by U.S. MIL-STD-45662A. The table also provides a place to record the measurement uncertainty and ratio for each performance test using equipment other than the recommended test equipment. The table may be reproduced without written permission of Hewlett-Packard.

#### **Operation Verification and Performance Tests**

The operation verification tests give a high confidence level (>90%) that the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer is operating properly and within specifications. The operation verification tests are a subset of the performance tests. The operation verification tests should be used for incoming and after-repair inspections. The performance tests provide the highest level of confidence and are used to verify that the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer conforms to its published specifications. Some repairs require a performance test to be done after the repair. The following table lists the operation verification and performance tests.

Operation Verification	Performance Tests
Self Test	Self Test
Amplitude Accuracy	Amplitude Accuracy
Amp Phase Match	Amplitude Linearity
Input Coupling	Amp Phase Match
Input Trigger	Intermodulation Distortion
External Trigger	Input Coupling
External Arm	Input Trigger
Harmonic Distortion	External Trigger
DC Offset	External Arm
Spurious Signals	Harmonic Distortion
Noise	Input Capacitance
Source Amplitude Accuracy	Input Resistance
Source Distortion	DC Offset
RF-Amplitude Accuracy	Spurious Signals
Phase Noise	Noise
RF-Spurious Signals	Cross Talk
RF-Harmonic Distortion	Anti-Alias Filter
Frequency Accuracy	Source Amplitude Accuracy
RF-Noise	Input Rtn Loss
RF-Source Amplitude Accuracy	Source Rtn Loss
RF-Source IF-Flatness	Source Distortion
RF-Source Distortion	RF-Amplitude Accuracy
RF-Source Noise	Phase Noise
	LO Spurs
	RF-Spurious Signals
	RF-Harmonic Distortion
	Frequency Accuracy
	RF-Noise
	RF-Source Amplitude Accuracy
	RF-Source IF-Flatness
	RF-Source Distortion
	RF-Source Noise

### **Specifications and Performance Tests**

The specifications are listed in the *HP 89440A Technical Data* publication that was shipped with this guide. The following table lists specifications and the performance test or tests that verify each specification.

Specification	Performance Test	
RF		
Frequency		
Stability		
Phase noise	Phase Noise	
LO spurious sidebands	LO Spurs	
Amplitude		
Accuracy		
Absolute full-scale accuracy	RF-Amplitude Accuracy	
Dynamic range		
Harmonic distortion	RF-Harmonic Distortion	
General spurious	RF-Spurious Signals	
Input noise density	RF Noise	
Source		
Amplitude		
Absolute accuracy at 6 MHz	RF-Source Amplitude Accuracy	
IF flatness	RF-Source IF-Flatness	
Dynamic range		
Harmonic	RF-Source Distortion	
Average noise level	RF-Source Noise	

Specification	Performance Test	
Baseband		
Frequency		
Frequency accuracy	Frequency Accuracy	
Amplitude		
Amplitude accuracy		
Absolute full-scale accuracy	Amplitude Accuracy	
Amplitude linearity	Amplitude Linearity	
Residual dc	DC Offset	
Dynamic range		
Harmonic distortion	Harmonic Distortion	
Intermodulation distortion	Intermodulation Distortion	
Residual (spurious) responses	Spurious Signals	
Input noise density	Noise	
Crosstalk	Cross Talk	
Alias responses	Anti-Alias Filter	
Input port		
Coupling	Input Coupling	
Impedance	Input Capacitance	
Impedance	Input Resistance	
Return loss	Input Rtn Loss	
Two-channel		
Channel match	Amp_Phase Match	
Trigger		
Input channel trigger	Input Trigger	
External trigger	External Trigger	
External arm	External Arm	
Source		
Amplitude		
Amplitude accuracy	Source Amplitude Accuracy	
Harmonic and other spurious products	Source Distortion	
Source port		
Return loss	Source Rtn Loss	

### To load the program

For information about the program's softkeys, see the menu descriptions near the end of this chapter.

- **1** Set the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer's power switch for the IF section to off ( ), then connect the analyzer, test instruments, and printer using HP-IB cables.
- 2 Insert the *HP 89440A Auto Performance Test* disk into the analyzer's disk drive, then set the IF section's power switch to on (1).

  The RF section must be on before the IF section is turned on.
- **3** If you have the optional PC Style Keyboard, connect the keyboard to the analyzer using the keyboard cable (see "To connect the optional keyboard" in chapter 1).
- **4** After the analyzer finishes its power-up calibration routine, press the following keys:

```
[Local/Setup]
    [system controller]
[System Utility]
    [memory usage]
    [configure meas memory]
    [max freq pts]
    1601
    [enter]
    [num math temp]
    6
    [enter]
[Return]
[Return]
    [more]
    [diagnostics]
    [performance test]
```

Verifying Specifications
To load the program

If you get an insufficient memory message, press the following keys then return to the procedure:

### [System Utilities]

[memory usage] [remove RAM disk] [confirm remove]

If you get a wrong disk message after you press the performance test softkey, check that the correct disk is installed and that the analyzer is properly configured (see "If the analyzer's stop frequency is 10 MHz" at the end of chapter 1).

### **5** Now go to one of the following procedures to continue:

- "To run the program in semiautomated mode"
- "To run the program without a printer"
- "To run the program in manual mode"

### To run the program in semiautomated mode

You must have an HP-IB printer connected to your system to run the program in semiautomated mode. If you do not have a printer, see "To run the program without a printer" later in this chapter.

1 Press the following keys and when the program prompts you, type in the information for the title page of the test record and press [enter]:

[TITLE PAGE]
[TEST FACILITY]
[FACILITY ADDRESS]
[TESTED BY]
[REPORT NUMBER]
[CUSTOMER]
[MORE]
[TEMP]
[HUMIDITY]
[LINE FREQUENCY]
[RETURN]

**2** Press the following keys and when the program prompts you, type in the equipment configuration information:

[EQUIP CONFIG]
[SYNTHESIZER]
[SYNTH/ LVL GEN]
[BASEBAND ANALYZER]
[MULTIMETER]
[MORE]
[STEP\_ATT 1DB]
[STEP\_ATT 1DB]
[SIGNAL GENERATOR]
[POWER METER]
[POWER SENSOR]
[mW-POWER METER]
[MORE]
[RF ANALYZER]
[RETURN]

The HP-IB address is  $100 \times (\text{interface select code}) + (\text{primary address})$ . The interface select code for the test equipment and printer is 7 (for example, if the primary address is 8, the HP-IB address is 708).

When entering the calibration due date, only four characters are displayed on the screen. However, you can enter up to nine characters and they will be printed.

# **3** Press the following keys and type in the printer address when the program prompts you:

[TEST CONFIG]
[PRINTER ADDRESS]
[PROCEDURE]
[OP\_VERIFY] or [PERFORMAN]
[STOP AFTER]
[LIMIT FAILURE] or [NONE]
[RETURN]

### **4** Press the following keys to start the test:

[START TESTING]
[START BEGINNING]

When you select [START BEGINNING], the data is written to a file on the disk and printed only after all tests are done. When you select [START MIDDLE] or [ONE TEST], the data is printed immediately after each measurement.

#### **5** Follow the directions on the display.

The directions on the display briefly tell you how to connect test equipment. For detailed illustrations of equipment setup, see the setup illustrations starting on page 2-18.

If you want to pause the program and return the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer to front panel control, press [BASIC]. To continue the program, press [Display] [BASIC display format] [lower] [BASIC] [continue]. If you changed any instrument setup states, press [RESTART TEST] to ensure accurate measurement results.

### To run the program without a printer

Use this procedure if you do not have an HP-IB printer connected to your system.

- 1 Write in the information needed on the title page of the "Performance Test Record" or the "Operation Verification Test Record" (located near the back of this chapter).
- **2** Press the following keys and when the program prompts you, type in the model number and HP-IB address:

[EQUIP CONFIG]
[SYNTHESIZER]
[SYNTH/ LVL GEN]
[BASEBAND ANALYZER]
[MULTIMETER]
[MORE]
[STEP\_ATT 1DB]
[STEP\_ATT 1DB]
[SIGNAL GENERATOR]
[POWER METER]
[POWER SENSOR]
[mW-POWER METER]
[MORE]
[RF ANALYZER]
[RETURN]

The HP-IB address equals  $100 \times (interface select code) + (primary address)$ . The interface select code for the test equipment and printer is 7 (for example, if the primary address is 8, the HP-IB address is 708).

**3** Press the following keys:

[TEST CONFIG]
[PROCEDURE]
[OP\_VERIFY] or [PERFORMAN]
[STOP AFTER]
[EACH MEASUREMENT]
[RETURN]

**4** Press the following keys to start the test:

[START TESTING]
[START BEGINNING]

Verifying Specifications
To run the program without a printer

5 Now follow the directions on the display and record every measurement result in the "Performance Test Record" or the "Operation Verification Test Record." The directions on the display briefly tell you how to connect test equipment. For detailed illustrations of equipment setup, see the setup illustrations starting on page 2-18.

If you want to pause the program and return the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer to front panel control, press [BASIC]. To continue the program, press [Display] [BASIC display format] [lower] [BASIC] [continue]. If you changed any instrument setup states, press [RESTART TEST] to ensure accurate measurement results.

### To run the program in manual mode

Use this procedure if you want to run the program in manual mode. You will be prompted to set up all test equipment and you can check the analyzer's setup state after each measurement.

1 Press the following keys and when the program prompts you, set all HP-IB addresses to 0:

[EQUIP CONFIG]
[SYNTHESIZER]
[SYNTH/ LVL GEN]
[BASEBAND ANALYZER]
[MULTIMETER]
[MORE]
[STEP\_ATT 1DB]
[STEP\_ATT 1DB]
[SIGNAL GENERATOR]
[POWER METER]
[POWER SENSOR]
[mW-POWER METER]
[MORE]
[RF ANALYZER]
[RETURN]

### **2** Press the following keys:

[TEST CONFIG]
[PROCEDURE]
[OP\_VERIFY] or [PERFORMAN]
[STOP AFTER]
[EACH MEASUREMENT]
[RETURN]

### **3** Press the following keys to start the test:

[START TESTING]
[START BEGINNING]

# 4 Now follow the directions on the display and record the measurement result in the test record after every measurement.

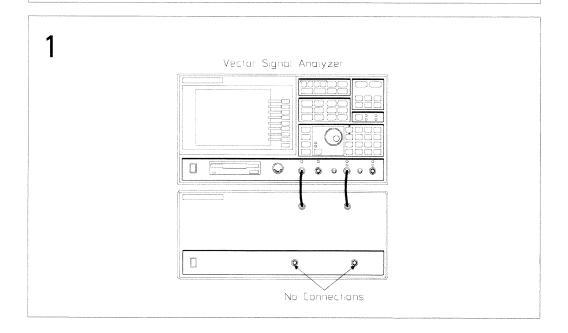
If you want to view the analyzer's setup state, press [BASIC] [View State] [measurement state] or [input/source state]. To continue the program, press [Display] [BASIC display format] [lower] [BASIC] [continue]. If you changed any instrument setup states, press [RESTART TEST] to ensure accurate measurement results.

The directions on the display briefly tell you how to connect test equipment. For detailed illustrations of equipment setup, see the setup illustrations starting on the next page.

## To set up the self test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

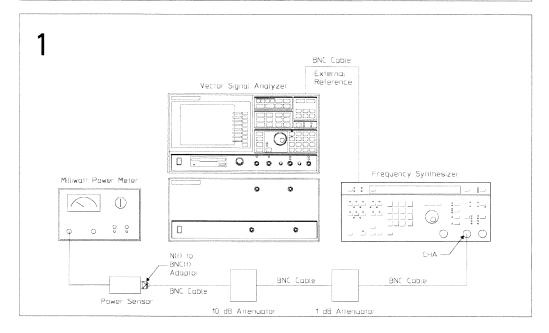
This test checks the measurement hardware in the HP 89440A. No performance tests should be attempted until the analyzer passes this test. This test takes approximately one minute to complete and requires no external equipment.

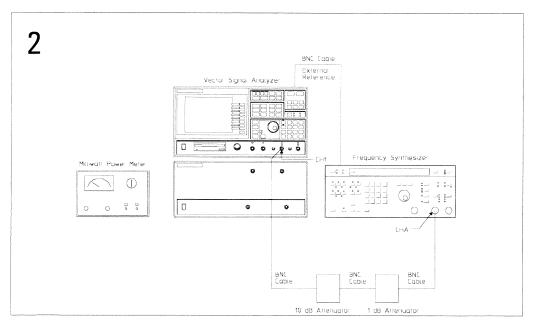


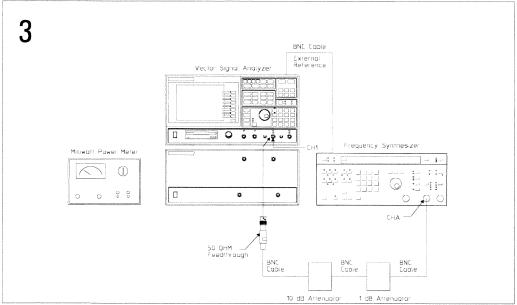
### To set up the amplitude accuracy test

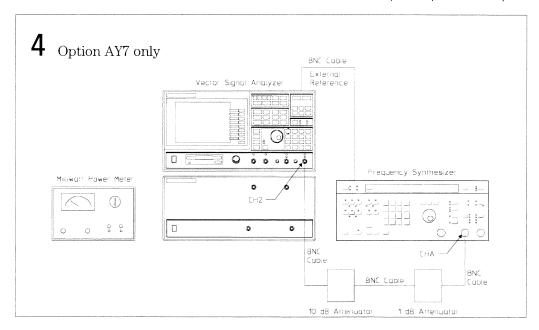
#### Performance Test and Operation Verification

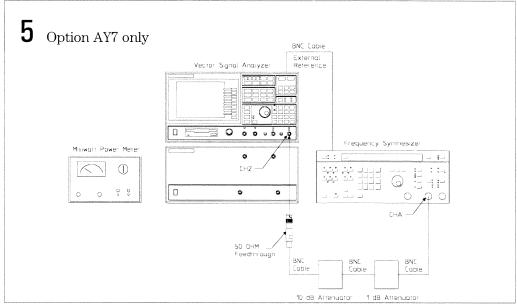
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband amplitude accuracy specification for absolute full scale accuracy. In this test, the output of the synthesizer is connected to a 1 dB and a 10 dB step attenuator. With the attenuators set to 20 dB, the synthesizer's amplitude is adjusted for a 0 dBm reading on the milliwatt power meter. The output of the attenuators is then connected to the HP 89440A, and the attenuators are set for the desired output level. This test checks -30, -18, -6, +6, and +18 dBm at 9.876 MHz and 49.234 kHz in the 50 ohm and 1 Mohm impedance paths. The following lists the attenuator settings for each amplitude:

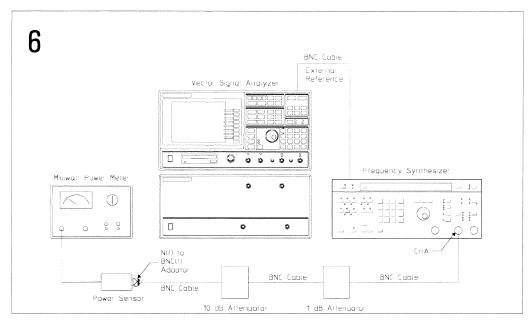


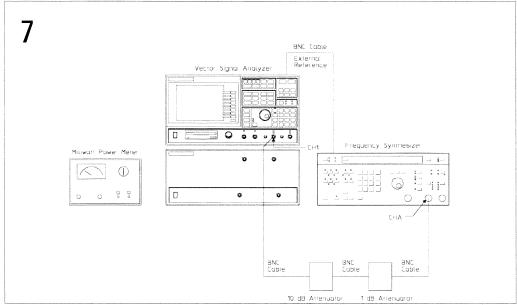


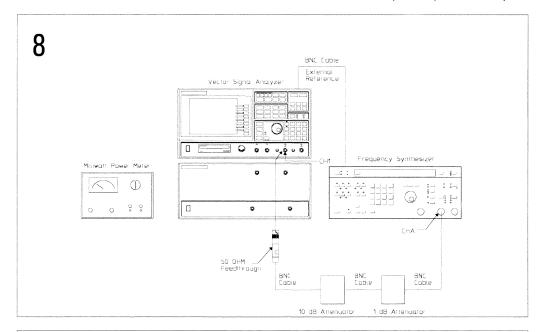


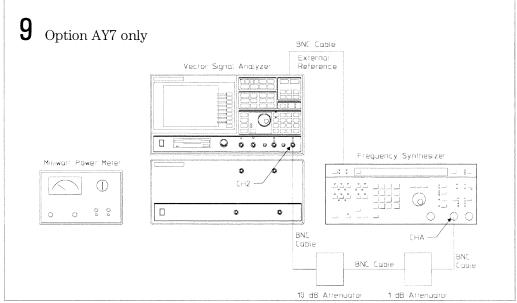


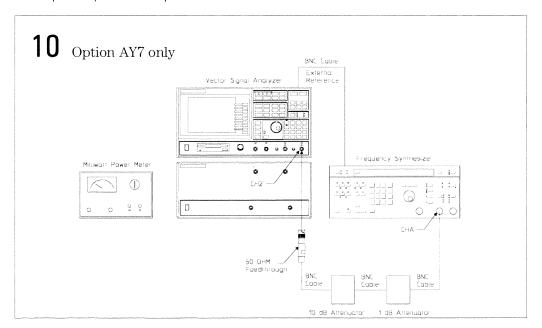








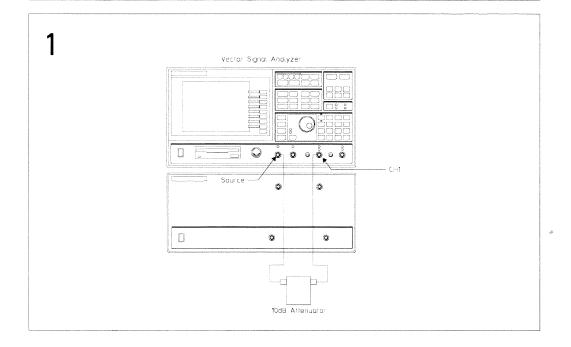


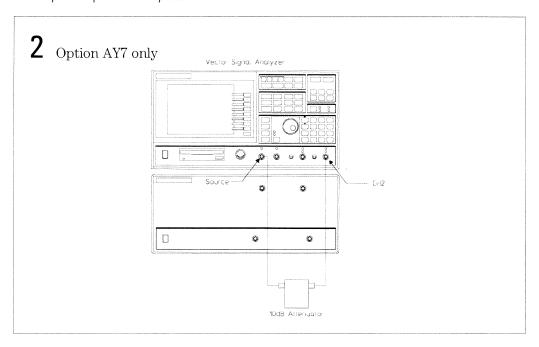


### To set up the amplitude linearity test

### Performance Test only

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband amplitude accuracy specification for amplitude linearity. In this test, the IF source is connected to the IF channel 1 or 2 through a 10 dB step attenuator. With the attenuator set to 0 dB, the IF source's output is adjusted for a full scale input. The attenuator is then set to 10 dB and amplitude linearity is checked at -10 dBm. This test checks amplitude linearity at -10, -20, -30, -40, -50, -60 and -70 dB. The source is set to 9.53 MHz, and the 10 dB step attenuator is set to 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 and 70 dB.

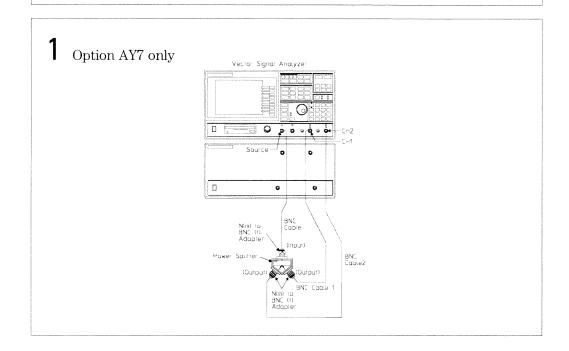


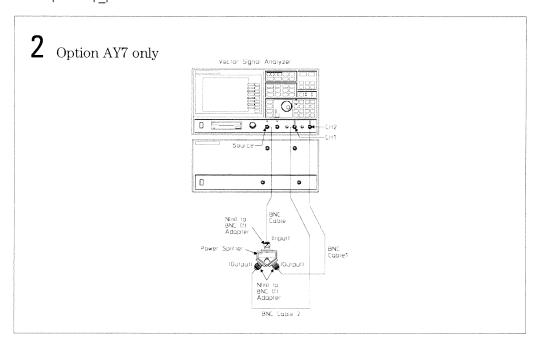


### To set up the amp\_phase match test

#### Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test is only for HP 89440A's with the optional second channel (option AY7). This test verifies that the HP 89440A, option AY7, meets its baseband two-channel specification for channel match. In this test, the HP 89440A's source outputs a periodic chirp signal to the power splitter. The power splitter and cables are calibrated by making two measurements and storing the data in the internal data registers. A calibration trace is then computed using the HP 89440A's math capabilities. Channel match is then measured using the calibration trace to correct for inaccuracies in the power splitter and cables.

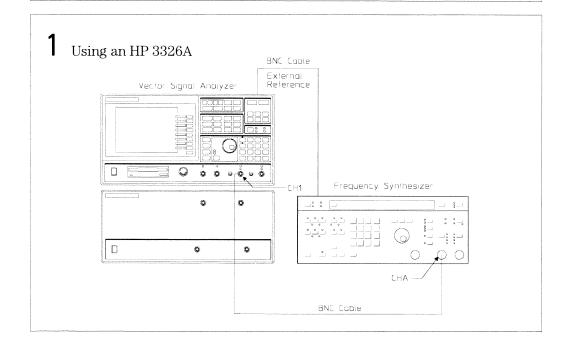


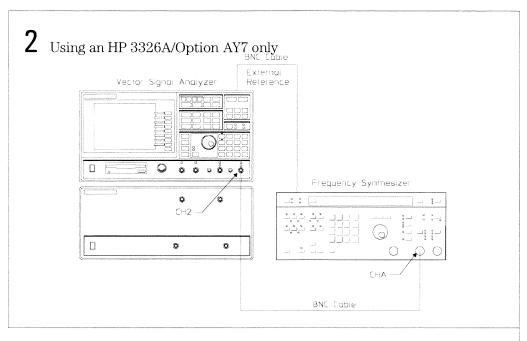


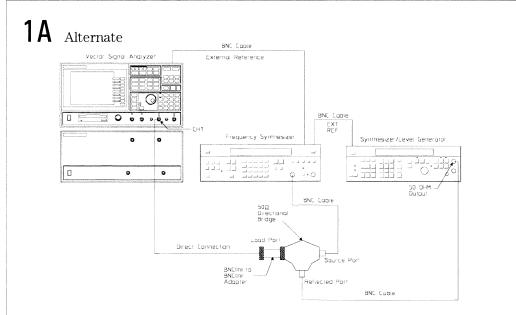
### To set up the intermodulation distortion test

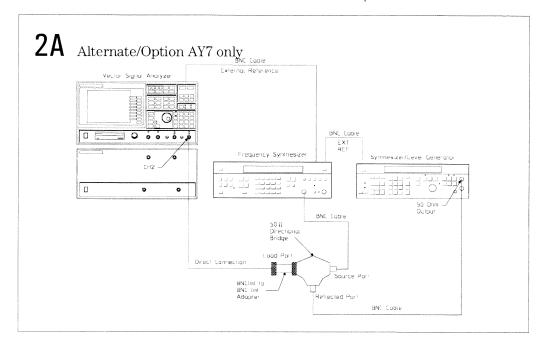
#### Performance Test only

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband dynamic range specification for intermodulation distortion. In this test, two signals (176.543 kHz and 177.530 kHz) are mixed to provide the HP 89440A with a modulated signal. Anytime two signals are mixed, the resultant signal includes the two fundamental frequencies plus their sum and difference frequencies (the sum and difference frequencies are the intermodulation products). The amplitude of each intermodulation product is then measured with the HP 89440A. The synthesizer is set to  $-36~\mathrm{dBm}$ .





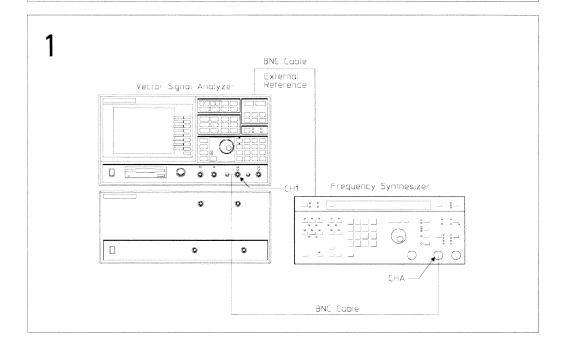


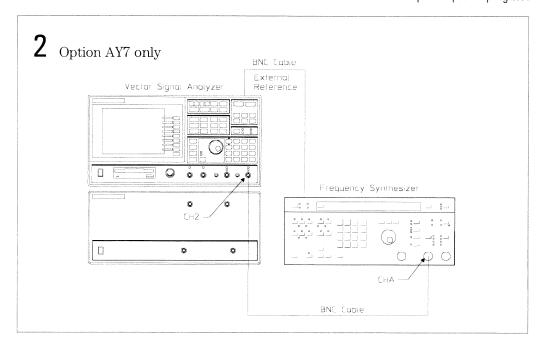


### To set up the input coupling test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband input port specification for coupling. In this test, the amplitude of a 3 Hz signal is measured in both ac and dc coupled modes. The values measured determine insertion loss.

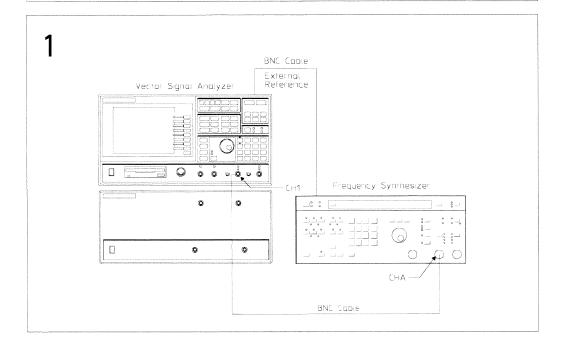


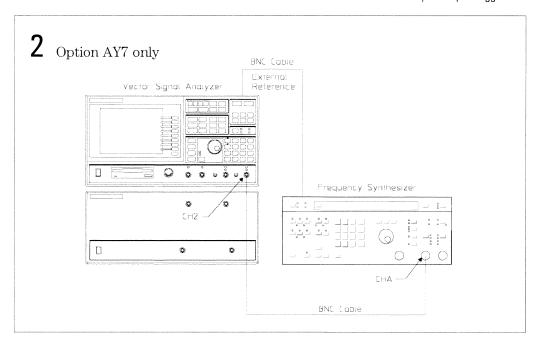


# To set up the input trigger test

### Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband trigger specification for input channel trigger. In this test, a signal is connected to the HP 89440A. Trigger level and slope are then verified by reading the signal level and slope at 0 seconds in the time record.

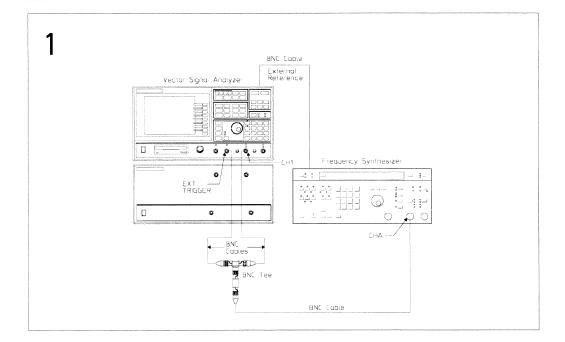




# To set up the external trigger test

### Performance Test and Operation Verification

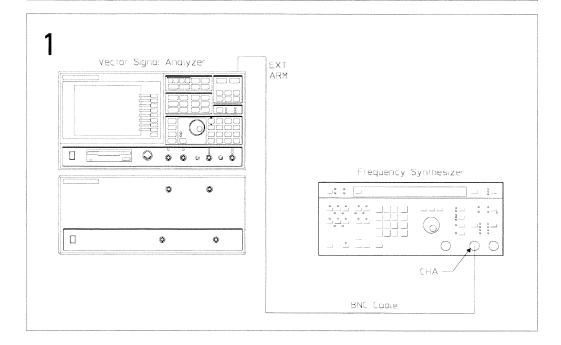
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband trigger specification for external trigger. In this test, a signal is connected to the external trigger input and channel 1. Trigger level and slope are then verified by reading the signal level and slope at 0 seconds in the time record.



# To set up the external arm test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

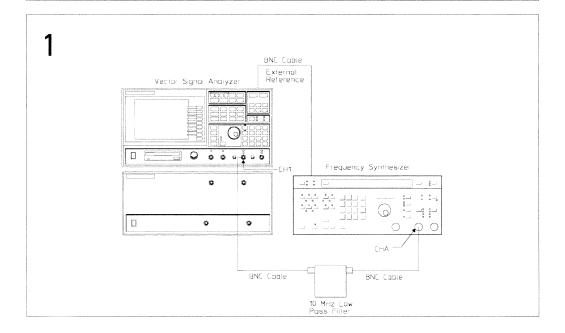
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband trigger specification for external arm. In this test, a signal is connected to the external arm input. The signal level is increased until the instrument is armed.

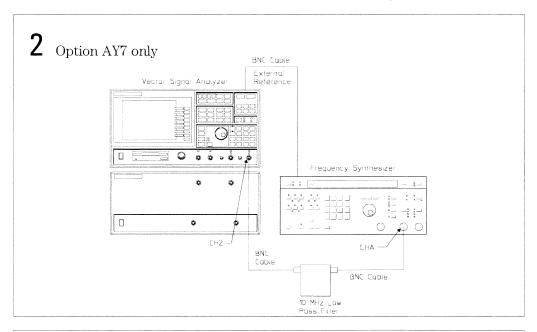


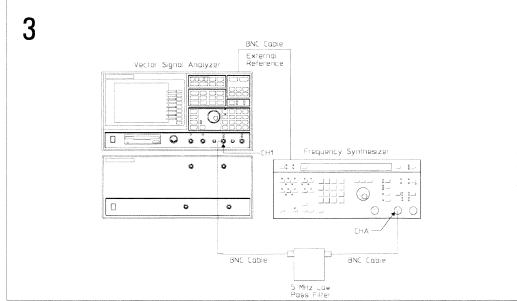
### To set up the harmonic distortion test

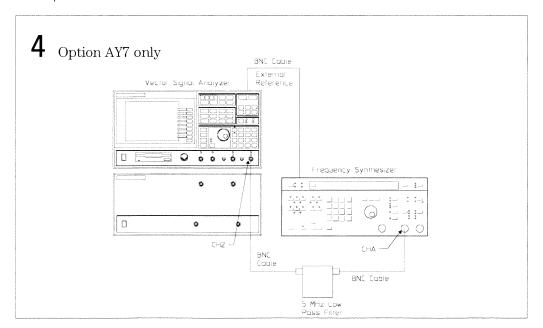
### Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband dynamic range specification for harmonic distortion. In this test, a low pass filter attenuates the harmonics of a signal from the synthesizer. The analyzer measures the signal and the synthesizer level is adjusted for a full scale input (approximately 2 dBm). The analyzer then measures the second and third harmonics. If the harmonics fall outside the analyzer's frequency range, the analyzer measures the alias frequencies. The synthesizer is set to 9.75 MHz and 3.33 MHz.









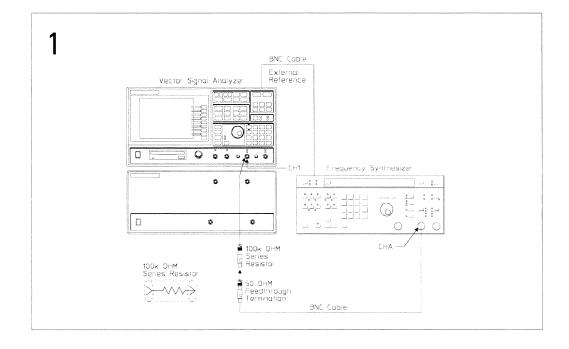
# To set up the input capacitance test

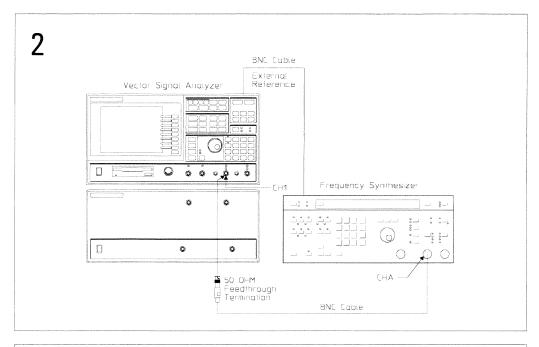
### Performance Test only

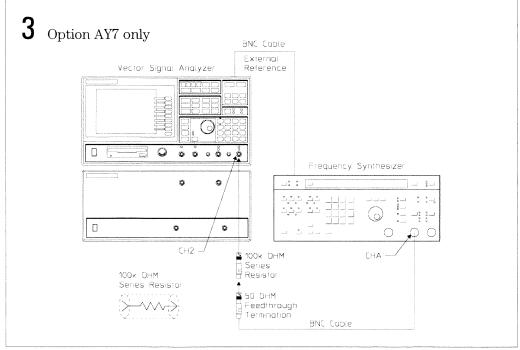
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband input port specification for impedance. In this test, capacitance is measured using a frequency synthesizer and a 100 k $\Omega$  resistor. Capacitance is then calculated using the following formula:

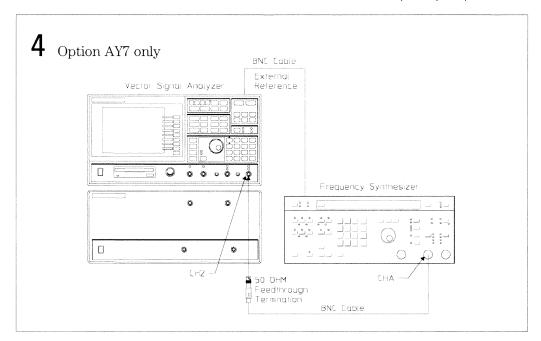
$$C(pf) = C_{-} factor \sqrt{Vin^{2}/Vc^{2} - 1.21} \times 1.0^{12}$$

Where  $C_factor = 1.59^{-11}$  at 100 kHz





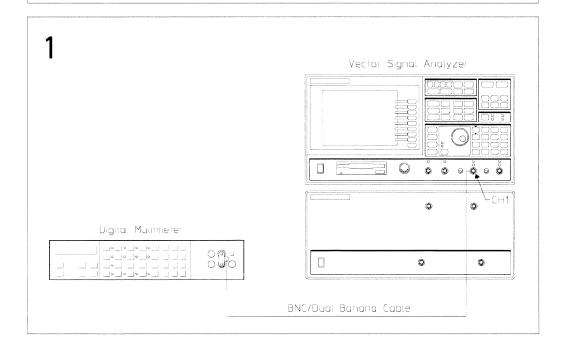


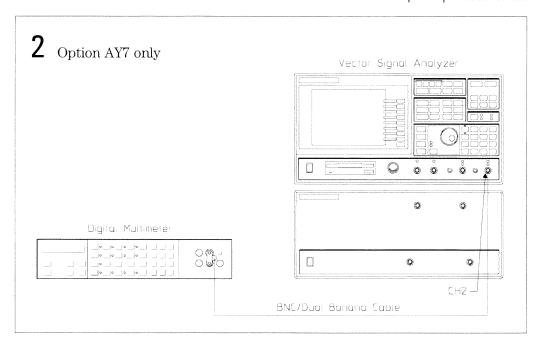


## To set up the input resistance test

### Performance Test only

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband input port specification for impedance. In this test, input resistance is measured directly using a digital multimeter. The 10  $M\Omega$  range is used on the digital multimeter to prevent the current from turning on the overload protection FET in the input circuitry.

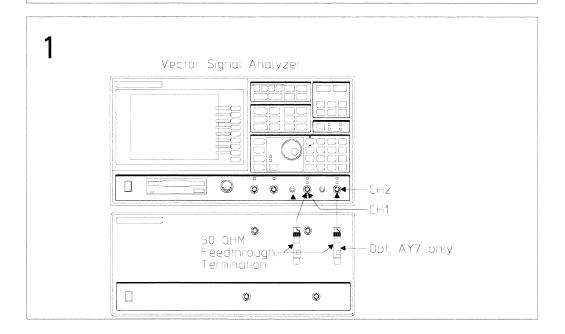




# To set up the dc offset test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

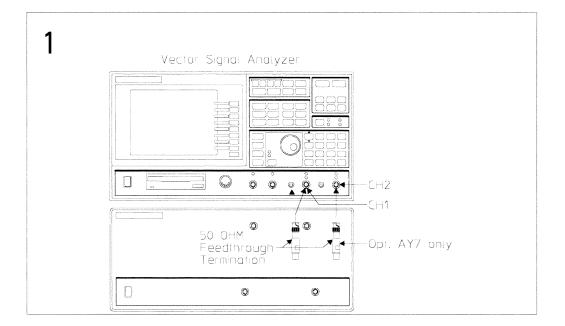
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband amplitude accuracy specification for residual dc. In this test, the HP 89440A measures its internal residual dc offset at six amplitudes with the filter in and out.



# To set up the spurious signals test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

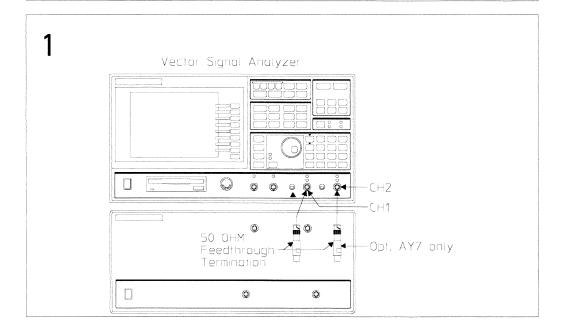
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband dynamic range specification for residual (spurious) responses. In this test, the HP 89440A measures its internal spurious signals at six frequencies.



# To set up the noise test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

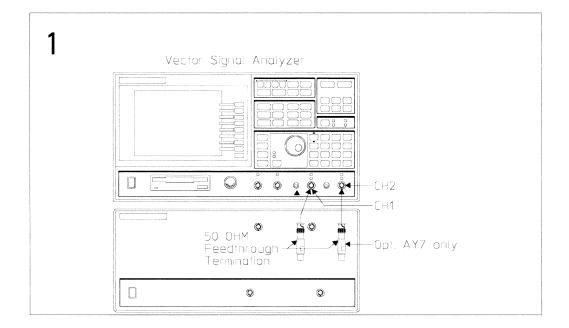
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband dynamic range specification for input noise density. In this test, the HP 89440A measures its internal noise from  $1~\rm kHz$  to  $10~\rm MHz$ .

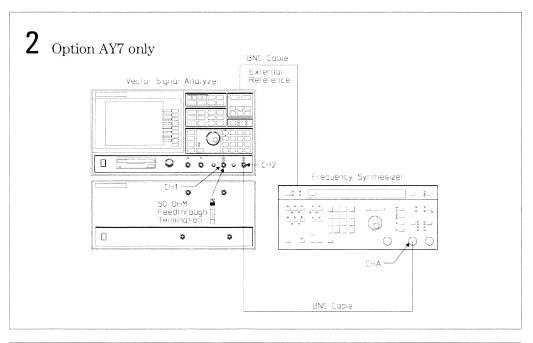


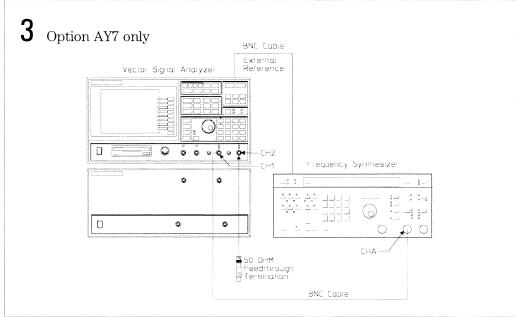
# To set up the cross talk test

### Performance Test only

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband dynamic range specification for crosstalk. In this test, the HP 89440A measures the amount of energy induced from the source or input channel to another input channel. For source-to-receiver crosstalk, the analyzer's source is turned on and set for a high level output, then the signal level at the input is measured. For channel-to-channel crosstalk, a 9.9876 MHz, +20 dBm signal is connected to one channel and the signal level at the other input channel is measured.



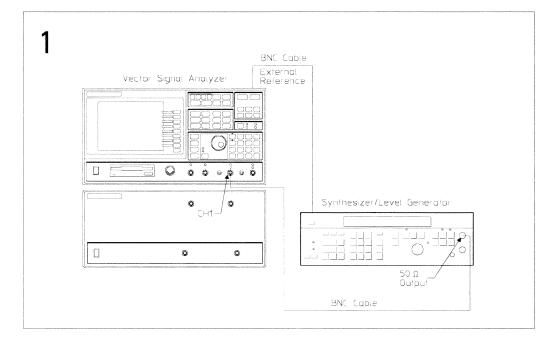


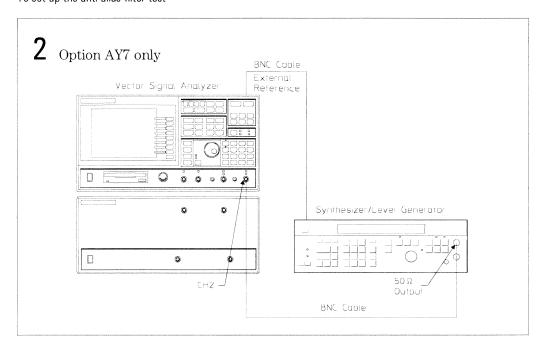


## To set up the anti-alias filter test

#### Performance Test only

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband dynamic range specification for alias responses. In this test, the HP 89440A measures the ability of the low pass anti-alias filter to reject frequencies caused by aliasing. Alias frequencies occur when the difference of the input signal frequency and the HP 89440A's sample rate both fall within the frequency range of interest. Using a synthesizer/level generator, a signal known to cause an alias frequency is connected to the HP 89440A. The HP 89440A then measures the alias frequency to determine how well the alias frequency was rejected. This test checks eight alias frequencies (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the alias frequencies).

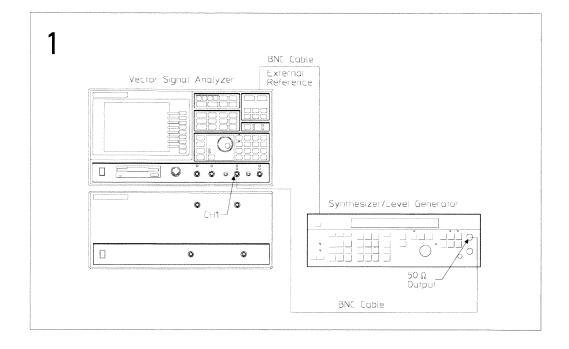


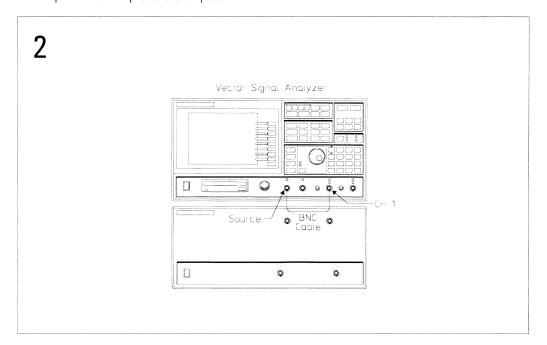


### To set up the source amplitude accuracy test

### Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband source specification for amplitude accuracy. In this test, the synthesizer/level generator is connected to channel 1 and measurements are made at eleven amplitudes and eight frequencies (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the amplitudes and frequencies). The HP 89440A's source is then connected to channel 1 and the signal level is measured and compared to the level from the synthesizer/level generator.

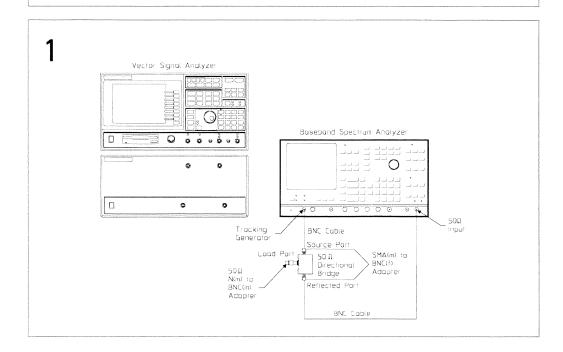


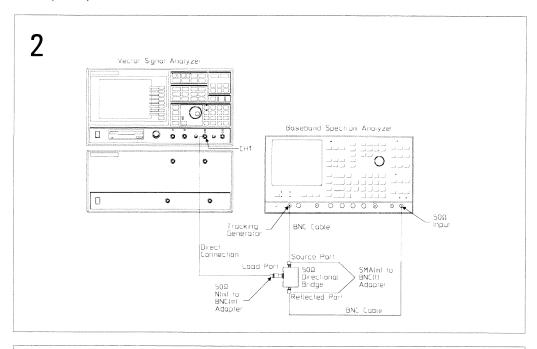


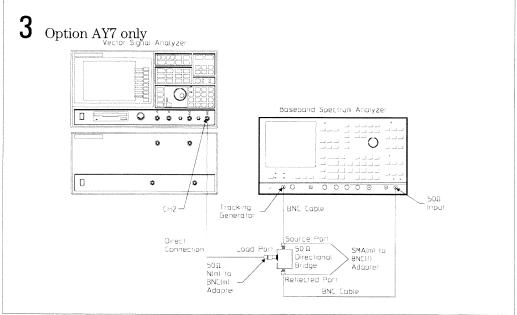
### To set up the input rtn loss test

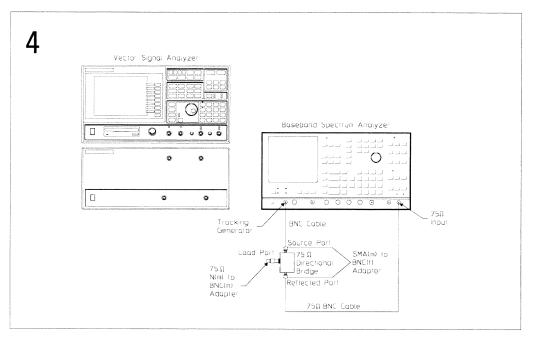
### Performance Test only

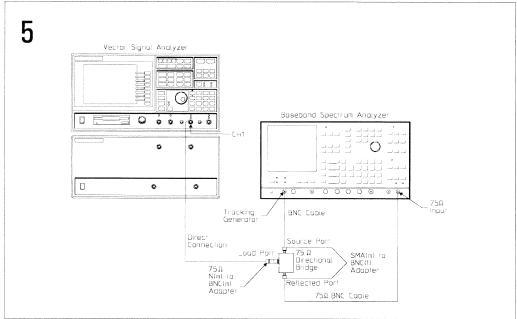
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband input port specification for return loss. In this test, a spectrum analyzer with a tracking generator is connected to a directional bridge. A reference measurement is made with the load port of the directional bridge open. The load port is then connected to an input channel and measurements are made for selected input range settings. This test measures both 50 and 75  $\Omega$  input impedances. The spectrum analyzer is set for a 100 kHz to 10 MHz frequency range.

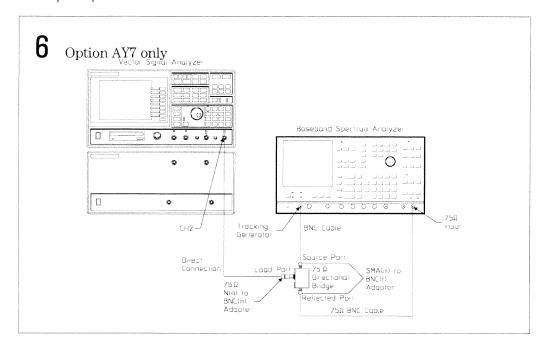








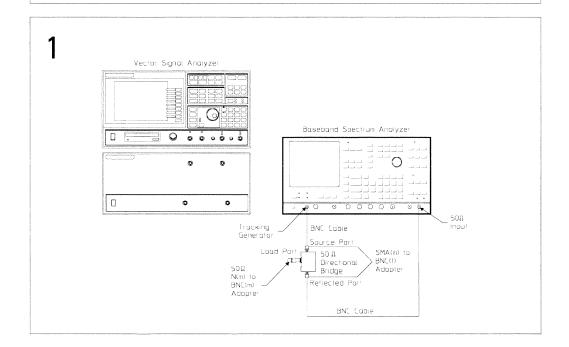


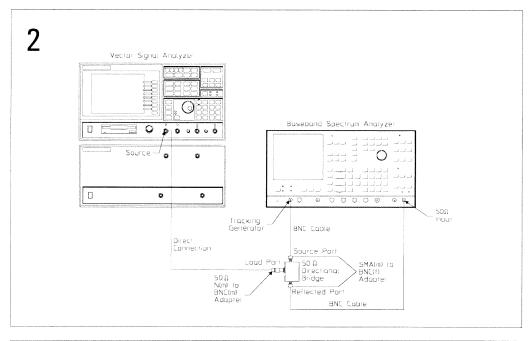


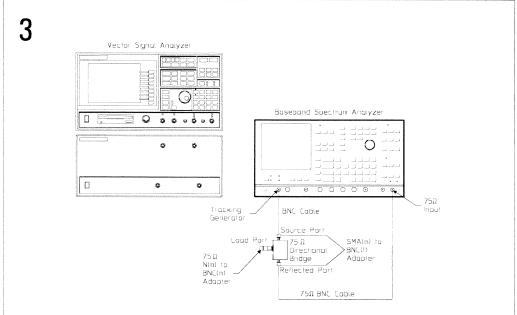
## To set up the source rtn loss test

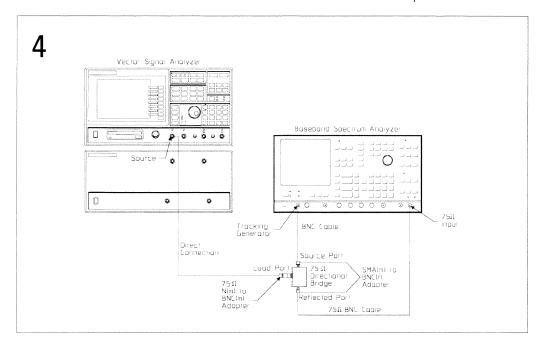
### Performance Test only

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband source port specification for return loss. In this test, a spectrum analyzer with a tracking generator is connected to a directional bridge. A reference measurement is made with the load port of the directional bridge open. The load port is then connected to the HP 89440A's source and measurements are made for selected attenuator settings. This test measures both 50 and 75  $\Omega$  output impedances. The spectrum analyzer is set for a 100 kHz to 10 MHz frequency range.





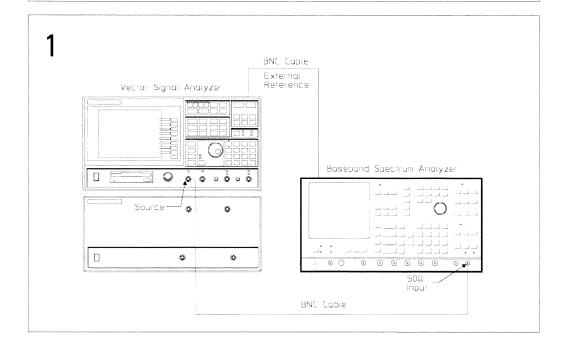




# To set up the source distortion test

### Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband source specification for harmonic and other spurious products. In this test, a spectrum analyzer is connected to the HP 89440A's source. The source is set to five frequencies and two amplitudes (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the frequencies and amplitudes) while the spectrum analyzer measures distortion and spurious responses from 100 Hz to 40 MHz.

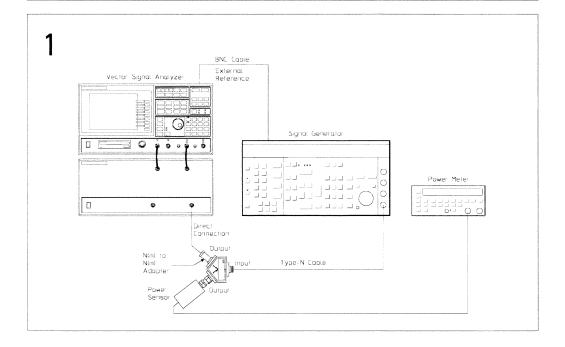


## To set up the RF-amplitude accuracy test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

The temperature must be between 20° and 30° C to perform this test.

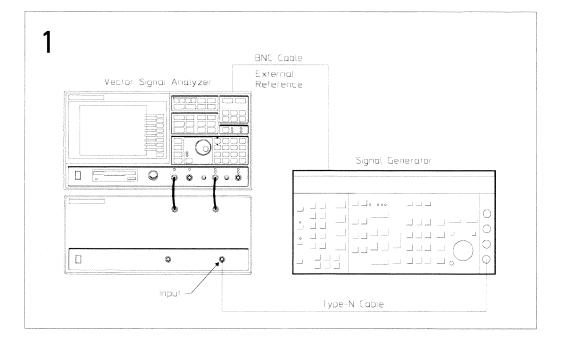
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF amplitude accuracy specification for absolute full scale accuracy. In this test, a signal generator outputs a signal to the power splitter. One output of the power splitter is measured by a power meter. The other output is measured by the analyzer. The two measurements are then compared. For each range tested (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the ranges), the accuracy is measured at the center frequency of 38 different frequency settings between 2 MHz and 1800 MHz. The minimum and maximum frequency points are then tested at 7 frequency points offset from the worst case point.



# To set up the phase noise test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

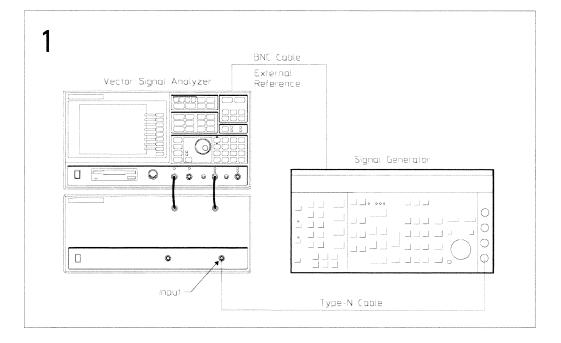
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF frequency stability specification for phase noise. In this test, a signal generator supplies a clean 640 MHz, -20 dBm signal. The HP 89440A then measures phase noise at four offsets.



# To set up the LO spurs test

### Performance Test only

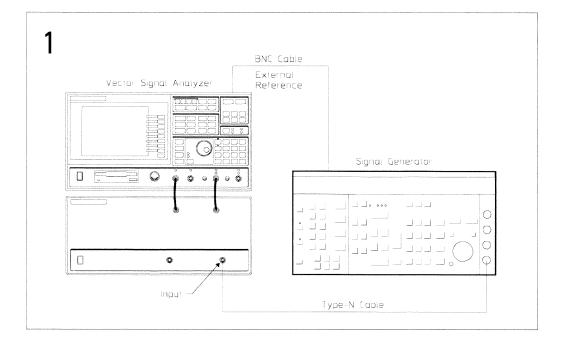
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF frequency stability specification for LO spurious sidebands. In this test, a signal generator supplies a clean 596 MHz, -20 dBm signal. The HP 89440A then measures the sidebands at six offsets.



## To set up the RF-spurious signals test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

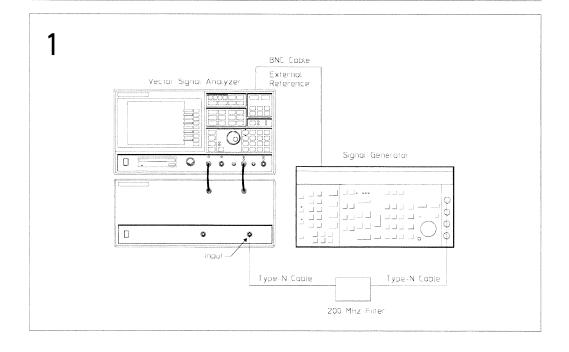
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF dynamic range specification for general spurious. In this test, a signal generator supplies a clean -20 dBm signal. The HP 89440A then measures the spurious responses at various frequencies (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the frequencies).

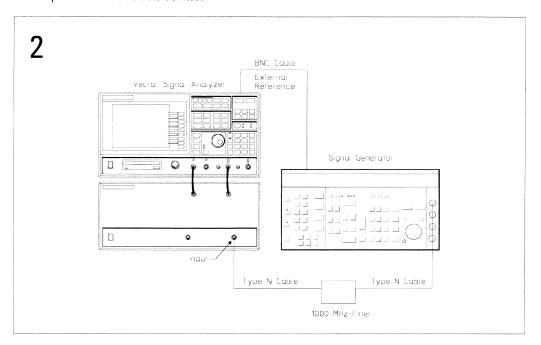


# To set up the RF-harmonic distortion test

### Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF dynamic range specification for harmonic distortion. In this test, a low pass filter attenuates the harmonics of a -20 dBm signal from the signal generator. The analyzer measures the signal and the signal generator level is adjusted for a full scale input. The analyzer then measures the second through fifth harmonics (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the frequencies and harmonics).



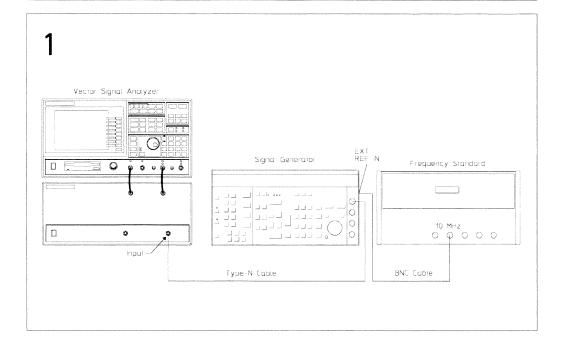


# To set up the frequency accuracy test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

The HP 89440A must be on for 30 minutes before performing this test.

This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its baseband frequency accuracy specification. In this test, the analyzer measures the frequency of an accurate 1500 MHz signal. The frequency limits are then calculated using the number of months since the last frequency reference adjustment.

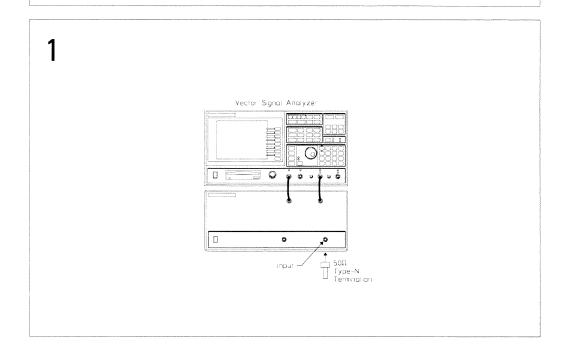


# To set up the RF-noise test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

The temperature must be between  $20^{\circ}$  and  $30^{\circ}$  C to perform this test.

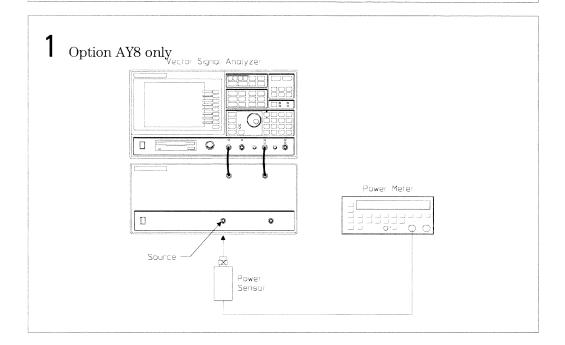
This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF dynamic range specification for noise level. In this test, the HP 89440A measures its internal noise at 7 frequencies.



# To set up the RF-source amplitude accuracy test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

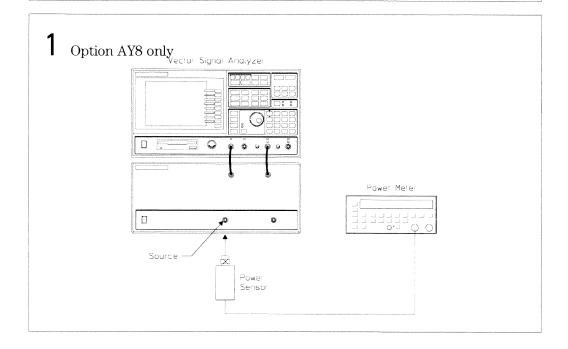
This test is only for HP 89440A's with the optional RF source (option AY8). This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF source specification for absolute accuracy at 6 MHz. In this test, a power meter sensor is connected to the RF source. The power meter measures the RF source's absolute accuracy at 6 MHz, 5 dBm and flatness from 6 MHz to 1800 MHz at 13 dBm.



# To set up the RF-source IF-flatness test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

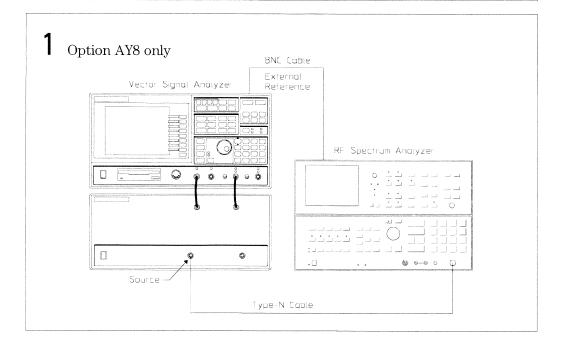
This test is only for HP 89440A's with the optional RF source (option AY8). This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF source specifications for IF flatness. In this test, a power meter sensor is connected to the RF source. The power meter then measures the IF flatness from 897.5 MHz to 904.5 MHz.



# To set up the RF-source distortion test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

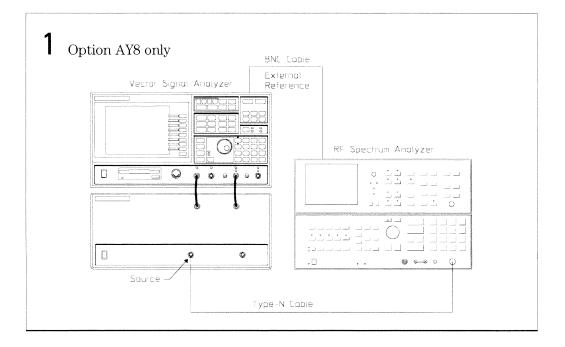
This test is only for HP 89440A's with the optional RF source (option AY8). This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF source specification for harmonic distortion. In this test, a spectrum analyzer measures the RF source's 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th harmonics (the "Performance Test Record" at the end of this chapter lists the frequencies and harmonics).



# To set up the RF-source noise test

Performance Test and Operation Verification

This test is only for HP 89440A's with the optional RF source (option AY8). This test verifies that the HP 89440A meets its RF source specification for average noise level. In this test, the RF spectrum analyzer measures the noise of the RF source using the marker noise function.



### **ITM 89440A Main Menu Descriptions**

If you do not have a keyboard connected to the analyzer, use the numeric key pad and the alpha keys to enter names or numbers. See the analyzer's help text for a description of the alpha keys.

Load and run the ITM\_89440A program to display the following softkeys:

### [ START TESTING ]

Displays a menu that allows you to start testing with any test or to select just one test in the list. Before pressing this softkey, use [ TEST CONFIG ] and [ EQUIP CONFIG ]. See "Start Testing Menu Descriptions" for additional information.

### [ TEST CONFIG ]

Displays the test configuration and a menu that allows you to enter the procedure, stop conditions, beeper prompt, and HP-IB address for the analyzer and printer. See "Test Configuration Menu Descriptions" for additional information.

### [ EQUIP CONFIG ]

Displays the test equipment configuration and a menu that allows you to enter the model number, calibration due date, serial number, and HP-IB address for each test instrument. See "Equipment Configuration Menu Descriptions" for additional information.

### [ TITLE PAGE ]

Displays the test record title page information and a menu that allows you to enter information for the analyzer. See "Title Page Menu Descriptions" for additional information.

### [STOP ITM]

Stops the ITM 89440A program.

### **Start Testing Menu Descriptions**

Press [ START TESTING ] to display the following softkeys:

#### [ START BEGINNING ]

Prints the test record title page information and starts the selected test procedure at the beginning. The measurement results are written to a file on the disk and printed only after all tests are done.

### [ START MIDDLE ]

Displays a list of all the tests in the selected procedure. Testing starts with the test you select and continues through the remainder of the tests in the list. The measurement results are printed immediately after each measurement.

### [ ONE TEST ]

Displays all the tests in the selected procedure. The test you select is the only test performed. The measurement results are printed immediately after each measurement.

#### [ RETURN ]

Returns to the ITM 89440A main menu.

Start a test to display the following softkeys:

### [ STOP TESTING ]

Stops the test and returns to the ITM\_89440A main menu.

#### [ RESTART TEST ]

Starts the current test over. Any connection prompts are repeated.

### [ RESTART MEAS ]

Starts the current measurement over.

The following softkeys also appear when the program is waiting for you to press [ CONTINUE ]:

#### [ STOP BEEPING ]

Turns off the beeper prompt for the remainder of this measurement.

#### [ CONTINUE ]

Continues the test. Press this key after following the directions on the display.

### **Test Configuration Menu Descriptions**

Press [ TEST CONFIG ] to display the test configuration and the following softkeys:

#### [ HP 89440A ADDRESS ]

Prompts you to enter the HP-IB address for the HP 89440A DC-1800 MHz Vector Signal Analyzer.

The HP-IB address equals  $100 \times$  (interface select code) + (primary address). The interface select code for the printer and test equipment is 7 (for example, if the primary address is 8, the HP-IB address is 708).

#### [ PRINTER ADDRESS ]

Prompts you to enter the HP-IB address for the printer. To disable the printer, set the printer address to  $\theta$ .

#### [ PROCEDURE ]

Prompts you to select the operation verification procedure (OP\_VERIFY) or the performance test procedure (PERFORMAN).

### [STOP AFTER]

Prompts you to select stop after limit failure, stop after each measurement, or do not stop after a limit failure or measurement. If [Limit Failure] is selected, the program stops after the failing measurement is displayed but before it is printed. At this point you can continue on and print the failing measurement or restart the measurement.

#### [ BEEPER ]

Toggles the beeper on and off. When the beeper is on, the program beeps approximately every 2 minutes while waiting for you to follow the directions on the display and press [ CONTINUE ].

#### [ RETURN ]

Returns to the ITM 89440A main menu.

### **Equipment Configuration Menu Descriptions**

Press [ EQUIP CONFIG ] to display the test equipment configuration and the following softkeys:

#### [ SYNTHESIZER ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the frequency synthersizer.

If you select [ OTHER ] for model, the program prompts you to type in a model, serial number, and calibration due date but not an HP-IB address.

When entering the calibration due date, only four characters are displayed on the screen. However, you can enter up to nine characters and they will be printed.

#### [ SYNTH/LVL GEN ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the synthesizer/level generator.

#### [ BASEBAND ANALYZER ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the baseband spectrum analyzer.

#### [ MULTIMETER ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the digital multimeter.

### [STEP ATT 1DB]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, and calibration due date and data for the 1 dB step attenuator.

### [STEP ATT 10DB]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, and calibration due date and data for the 10 dB step attenuator.

#### [ SIGNAL GENERATOR ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the signal generator.

#### [ POWER METER ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the power meter.

#### [ POWER SENSOR ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, and calibration due date and data for the power sensor.

#### [ mW-POWER METER ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, and calibration due date for the milliwatt power meter.

#### [ RF ANALYZER ]

Prompts you to enter the model, serial number, HP-IB address, and calibration due date for the RF spectrum analyzer.

#### [ SAVE SETUP ]

Saves the current equipment configuration to a file for future recall.

#### [ RECALL SETUP ]

Recalls an equipment configuration that was previously saved using [ SAVE SETUP ].

### **Title Page Menu Descriptions**

Press [ TITLE PAGE ] to display the title page information and the following softkeys:

[ TEST FACILITY ]

Prompts you to enter the name or number of the testing entity.

[ FACILITY ADDRESS ]

Prompts you to enter the address of the testing entity.

[ TESTED BY ]

Prompts you to enter the name or number of the person performing the test.

[ REPORT NUMBER ]

Prompts you to enter the analyzer's report number.

[ CUSTOMER ]

Prompts you to enter the name or number of the person requesting the test.

[ SERIAL NUMBER ]

Prompts you to enter the analyzer's serial number.

[ MORE ]

Displays the next page.

[ RETURN ]

Prompts you to return to the ITM\_89440A main menu.

[ OPTIONS ]

Prompts you to enter the analyzer's options.

[ DATE ]

Prompts you to enter the test date.

[TEMP]

Prompts you to enter the temperature of the environment during the test.

[ HUMIDITY ]

Prompts you to enter the humidity of the environment during the test.

[ LINE FREQUENCY ]

Prompts you to enter the power line frequency.

[ MORE ]

Displays the first page.

[ RETURN ]

Returns to the ITM 89440A main menu.

The title page information is printed at the beginning of the test procedure.

# Measurement Uncertainty

The following table lists the measurement uncertainty and ratio for each performance test using the recommended test equipment. Except for the Intermodulation Distortion performance test, the ratios listed for the recommended test equipment meet or exceed the measurement uncertainty ratio required by U.S. MIL-STD-45662A.

• If you are using equipment other than the recommended test equipment, you may calculate and record the measurement uncertainty and ratio for each performance test.

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	Using Recommender	d Test Equipment	<b>Using Other Test Equipment</b>		
Performance Test	Measurement Uncertainty	Ratio	Measurement Uncertainty	Ratio	
Self Test	NA	NA			
Amplitude Accuracy					
_30 dBm	$\pm 0.056~\mathrm{dB}$	> 10:1			
-18 dBm	$\pm 0.053~\mathrm{dB}$	> 10:1			
−6 dBm	$\pm 0.047~\mathrm{dB}$	>10:1			
6 dBm	$\pm 0.053~\mathrm{dB}$	>10:1			
18 dBm	$\pm 0.047~\mathrm{dB}$	> 10:1			
Amplitude Linearity					
-10 dB	$\pm 0.006~\mathrm{dB}$	>10:1			
-20 dB	$\pm 0.006~ ext{dB}$	> 10:1			
-30 dB	$\pm 0.006~\mathrm{dB}$	>10:1			
-40 dB	$\pm 0.006~\mathrm{dB}$	>10:1			
-50 dB	$\pm 0.015~\mathrm{dB}$	10:1			
-60 dB	$\pm 0.015~\mathrm{dB}$	> 10:1			
-70 dB	±0.015 dB	> 10:1			
Amp Phase Match					
magnitude	0.046 dB	5.4:1			
phase	0.0052 degree	> 10:1			
Intermodulation Distortion	±3.3 dB	3.1:1 †			
Input Coupling	NA	NA			
Input Trigger	NA	NA			
External Trigger	NA	NA			
External Arm	NA	NA			

NA (not applicable) internal test

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  If measured value is within  $\pm 2$  dB of specification, verify distortion products of the test signal.

_	Using Recommende	d Test Equipment	Using Other Tes	t Equipment
Performance Test	Measurement Uncertainty	Ratio	Measurement Uncertainty	Ratio
Harmonic Distortion	±0.9 dB	> 10:1		
Input Capacitance	±2.5 pF	> 10:1		
Input Resistance	510 Ω	> 10:1		
DC Offset	NA	NA		
Spurious Signals	NA	NA		
Noise	NA	NA		
Cross Talk Source-to-input Channel-to-channel	NA ±0.6dB	NA > 10:1		
Anti-Alias Filter < 25 MHz > 25 MHz	±0.145 dB ±0.225 dB	> 10:1 > 10:1		
Source Amplitude Accuracy $>$ $-26.98$ dBm $<$ $-26.98$ dBm and $>$ $-46.98$ dBm $<$ $-46.98$ dBm	$\pm 0.145~\text{dB} \\ \pm 0.150~\text{dB} \\ \pm 0.210~\text{dB}$	> 10:1 > 10:1 > 10:1		
Input Rtn Loss	±1.5 dB	6.3:1		
Source Rtn Loss	±1.5 dB	6.3:1		
Source Distortion ≤10 kHz > 10 kHz	±1.1 dB ±1.5 dB	8.4:1 6.3:1		
RF-Amplitude Accuracy	$\pm 0.183~\text{dB}$	5.5:1		
Phase Noise	±1.5 dB	6.3:1		
LO Spurs	±1.5 dB	6.3:1		
RF-Spurious Signals	±1.5 dB	6.3:1		
RF-Harmonic Distortion	±1.5 dB	6.3:1		
Frequency Accuracy	±0.1295 Hz	> 10:1		
RF-Noise	NA	NA		
RF-Source Amplitude Accuracy absolute accuracy flatness	±0.113 dB ±0.113 dB	> 10:1 > 10:1		
RF-Source IF-Flatness	±0.113 dB	> 10:1		
RF-Source Distortion	±1.44 dB	6.5:1		
RF-Source Noise	$\pm 1.82~\text{dB}$	5.3:1		

NA (not applicable) internal test

Performance Test Re	cord		
Test Facility		Annual (1981)	Allow Allows
Facility Address			
Tested By			
Report Number			
Customer Name			
HP 89410A Serial Number_			
HP 89430A Serial Number_			
Installed Options			
Date			
Temperature			
Humidity			
Power Line Frequency			
Test Instruments Used			
Instrument	Model	ID or Serial Number	Calibration Due
Synthesizer			
Synthesizer/Level Generator			10174
Baseband Analyzer			
Multimeter			
Step Attenuator, 1 dB			
Step Attenuator, 10 dB			
Signal Generator			
Power Meter			
Power Sensor			
Milliwatt Power Meter			
RF Analyzer			

Pass/Fail

Measured Value

Seriai Number:	Report Number:
Test Date:/	-
Self Test	

Lower Limit Upper Limit

Long Confidence

### **Amplitude Accuracy**

Measurement

Measurement	Lower Limit (dBm)	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
9.876 MHz, —30 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —6 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 18 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —30 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, -6 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 18 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —30 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —6 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 18 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, -30 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —6 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 18 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		

† Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	_

# Amplitude Accuracy (continued)

	,			
Measurement	Lower Limit (dBm)	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
49.234 kHz, —30 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —6 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 18 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —30 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —6 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 18 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —30 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —6 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 18 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —30 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —6 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 18 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	Report Number:
Гest Date://	

# **Amplitude Linearity**

Measurement	Lower Limit (dB)	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
—10 dB, Ch 1	-0.1	0.1		
—20 dB, Ch 1	-0.1	0.1		
—30 dB, Ch 1	-0.1	0.1		
—40 dB, Ch 1	-0.15	0.15		
—50 dB, Ch 1	-0.15	0.15		
—60 dB, Ch 1	-0.2	0.2		
—70 dB, Ch 1	-0.2	0.2		
—10 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.1	0.1		
—20 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.1	0.1		
—30 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.1	0.1		
—40 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.15	0.15		
—50 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.15	0.15		·
—60 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.2	0.2		
—70 dB, Ch 2 †	-0.2	0.2		

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	

# Amp\_Phase Match (Option AY7 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Measured Value	Pass/Fail
—30 dBm Magnitude	−0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
-30 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
—22 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
—22 dBm Phase	–2 deg	2 deg		
—14 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
—14 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
—6 dBm Magnitude	−0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
—6 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
2 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
2 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
10 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
10 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		

### **Intermodulation Distortion**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
A + B, Ch 1		-111		
B—A, Ch 1		-111		
2A—B, Ch 1		-111		
2B-A, Ch 1		-111		
A+B, Ch 2 †		-111		
B—A, Ch 2 †		-111		
2A—B, Ch 2 †		-111		
2B—A, Ch 2 †		-111		

† Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	

# **Input Coupling**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
dc — ac, Ch 1		3		
dc — ac, Ch 2 †		3		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

# Input Trigger

Measurement	Lower Limit (V)	Upper Limit (V)	Measured Value (V)	Pass/Fail
Channel 1, +2 Volt, Slope Positive	1.368	2.632		
Channel 1, +2 Volt, Slope Negative	1.368	2.632		
Channel 1, —2 Volt, Slope Positive	-2.632	-1.368		
Channel 1, —2 Volt, Slope Negative	-2.632	-1.368		
Channel 2, +2 Volt, Slope Positive †	1.368	2.632		
Channel 2, +2 Volt, Slope Negative †	1.368	2.632		
Channel 2, —2 Volt, Slope Positive †	-2.632	-1.368		
Channel 2, —2 Volt, Slope Negative †	-2.632	-1.368		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

# **External Trigger**

Measurement	Lower Limit (V)	Upper Limit (V)	Measured Value (V)	Pass/Fail
+ 5 Volt, Slope Positive	4.5	5.5		
+5 Volt, Slope Negative	4.5	5.5		
−5 Volt, Slope Positive	-5.5	<b>-4</b> .5		
—5 Volt, Slope Negative	-5.5	-4.5		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date: / /	

### **External Arm**

Measurement	Lower Limit (V)	Upper Limit (V)	Measured Value (V)	Pass/Fail
+ 2 Volt, Region Above	1.5	2.5		
–2 Volt, Region Below	-2.5	-1.5		

### **Harmonic Distortion**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
9.75 MHz 2nd, Ch 1		<b>-</b> 75		
9.75 MHz 3rd, Ch 1		<b>75</b>		
9.75 MHz 2nd, Ch 2 †		<b>–</b> 75		
9.75 MHz 3rd, Ch 2 †		<b>–</b> 75		
3.33 MHz 2nd, Ch 1		<b>–</b> 75		
3.33 MHz 3rd, Ch 1		<b>–</b> 75		
3.33 MHz 2nd, Ch 2 †		<del></del> 75		
3.33 MHz 3rd, Ch 2 †		<b>–</b> 75		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

# **Input Capacitance**

	Measurement	Upper Limit (pF)	Measured Value (pF)	Pass/Fail
Channel 1		80		
Channel 2 †		80		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date:/	-

### **Input Resistance**

Measurement	Lower Limit $(M\Omega)$	Upper Limit (M $oldsymbol{\Omega}$ )	Measured Value $(M\Omega)$	Pass/Fail
20 dBm, Ch 1	0.98	1.02		
—10 dBm, Ch 1	0.98	1.02		
—30 dBm, Ch 1	0.98	1.02		
20 dBm, Ch 2 †	0.98	1.02		
—10 dBm, Ch 2 †	0.98	1.02		
—30 dBm, Ch 2 †	0.98	1.02		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date: / /	

### DC Offset

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBfs)	Measured Value (dBfs)	Pass/Fail
—30 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25	Valuational	
—20 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
—10 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
0 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		<b>2</b> 5		
+ 10 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
+ 20 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
—30 dBm, Ch 1, Filter Out		<b>-2</b> 5		
—20 dBm, Ch 1, Filter Out		-25		
—10 dBm, Ch 1, Filter Out		-25		
0 dBm, Ch 1, Filter Out		-25		
+ 10 dBm, Ch 1, Filter Out		-25		
+ 20 dBm, Ch 1, Filter Out		-25		
—30 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		
–20 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		
—10 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		<b>-25</b>		
0 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		
+ 10 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		<b>–25</b>		
+ 20 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		<b>–</b> 25		Annote has the consequence of an interest has the facility in consequence and place in the confidence of the consequence of the confidence
-30 dBm, Ch 2, Filter Out †		<b>–</b> 25		
–20 dBm, Ch 2, Filter Out †		<b>–</b> 25		
-10 dBm, Ch 2, Filter Out †		<b>–2</b> 5		
0 dBm, Ch 2, Filter Out †		<b>–</b> 25		
+ 10 dBm, Ch 2, Filter Out †		<b>–2</b> 5		
+20 dBm, Ch 2, Filter Out †		<b>–</b> 25		

† Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date:/	-

# **Spurious Signals**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
275 Hz Center, 450 Hz Span, Ch 1		<b>–</b> 99		
275 Hz Center, 450 Hz Span, Ch 2 †		-99		
25 kHz Center, 10 kHz Span, Ch 1		-99		
25 kHz Center, 10 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>99</b>		
100 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-99</b>		
100 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		-99		
200 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		-99		
200 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>-99</b>		
300 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-99</b>		
300 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		-99		
400 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-99</b>		
400 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 99		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

### Noise

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm/Hz)	Measured Value (dBm/Hz)	Pass/Fail
1 kHz to 40 kHz, Ch 1		-131		
1 kHz to 40 kHz, Ch 2 †		-131		
40 kHz to 10 MHz, Ch 1		-144		
40 kHz to 10 MHz, Ch 2 †		-144		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	

### **Cross Talk**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
Source-to-Ch 1		-115		
Source-to-Ch 2 †		-115		
Ch 2-to-Ch 1 †		-115		
Ch 1-to-Ch 2 †		-115		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

### **Anti-Alias Filter**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
15.654 MHz, Ch 1		80		
22.454 MHz, Ch 1		80		
29.254 MHz, Ch 1		80		
41.254 MHz, Ch 1		-80		
48.054 MHz, Ch 1		80		
54.854 MHz, Ch 1		80		
66.854 MHz, Ch 1		-80		
73.654 MHz, Ch 1		80		
15.654 MHz, Ch 2 †		-80		
22.454 MHz, Ch 2 †		80		
29.254 MHz, Ch 2 †		-80		
41.254 MHz, Ch 2 †		-80		
48.054 MHz, Ch 2 †		80		
54.854 MHz, Ch 2 †		-80		
66.854 MHz, Ch 2 †		-80		
73.654 MHz, Ch 2 †		-80		

### † Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	Report Number:
Test Date://	-

# **Source Amplitude Accuracy**

Measurement	Lower Limit (dB)	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
9.5 MHz, —56 dBm	-2	2		
9.5 MHz, —50 dBm	-2	2		
9.5 MHz, —41 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, —35 dBm	-1	1	POLA MATERIAL MATERIAL AND	
9.5 MHz, —32 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, —23 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, —14 dBm	<u></u> 1	1		
9.5 MHz, —8 dBm	<b>–</b> 1	1		
9.5 MHz, 1 dBm	1	1		
9.5 MHz, 4 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
30 kHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
1.8 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
3.3 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
4.8 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
6.3 MHz, 13 dBm	<b>—1</b>	1		
7.8 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
9.95 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date:/	-

# Input Rtn Loss

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
Channel 1, 50 ohm, —20 dBm		<b>–</b> 25		
Channel 1, 50 ohm, —22 dBm		-25		
Channel 2, 50 ohm, —20 dBm †		<b>–</b> 25		
Channel 2, 50 ohm, —22 dBm †		<b>–2</b> 5		
Channel 1, 75 ohm, —20 dBm		-20		
Channel 1, 75 ohm, —22 dBm		-20		
Channel 2, 75 ohm, —20 dBm †		-20		
Channel 2, 75 ohm, —22 dBm †		-20		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

### **Source Rtn Loss**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
50 ohm, 0 dB Attenuator		-20		
50 ohm, 10 dB Attenuator		-20		
50 ohm, 20 dB Attenuator		-20		
50 ohm, 40 dB Attenuator		-20		
75 ohm, 0 dB Attenuator		-20		
75 ohm, 10 dB Attenuator		-20		
75 ohm, 20 dB Attenuator		-20		
75 ohm, 40 dB Attenuator		-20		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Гest Date://	-

### **Source Distortion**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
2.395 kHz @ 6 dBm		55		
7.84 kHz @ 6 dBm		<del></del> 55		
65.8 kHz @ 6 dBm		<b>40</b>		
3.925 MHz @ 6 dBm		<b>4</b> 0		
9.64 MHz @ 6 dBm		<b>–</b> 33		
2.395 kHz @ 13 dBm		<b>–</b> 55		
7.84 kHz @ 13 dBm		<b>–</b> 55		
65.8 kHz @ 13 dBm		-40		
3.925 MHz @ 13 dBm		<b>4</b> 0		
9.64 MHz @ 13 dBm		-33		

# **RF-Amplitude Accuracy**

Measurement	Lower Limit (dB)	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
—20 dBm Range	-1	1		
–15 dBm Range	-1	1		
—10 dBm Range	-1	1		
–5 dBm Range	-1	1		
0 dBm Range	-1	1		
5 dBm Range	-1	1		
10 dBm Range	-1	1		
15 dBm Range	-1.1	1.1	Alexandra (Alexandra Alexandra Alexa	
20 dBm Range	-1.1	1.1		
25 dBm Range	-1.1	1.1		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	

### **Phase Noise**

Measurement	Lower Limit Upper Lim (dBc/Hz)	it Measured Value Pass/Fail (dBc/Hz)
100 Hz Offset	-89	
1 kHz Offset	<b>-92</b>	
10 kHz Offset	<b>-93</b>	
100 kHz Offset	-105	

# LO Spurs

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
25.51 kHz Offset		<b>-70</b>		
51.02 kHz Offset		<b>–</b> 70		
76.53 kHz Offset		<b>–</b> 70		
100 kHz Offset		<b>–</b> 70		
200 kHz Offset		<del>-7</del> 0		
300 kHz Offset		<b>–</b> 70		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	

# **RF-Spurious Signals**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
2 MHz Tuned, 7 MHz Input		<b>-70</b>		
4 MHz Tuned, 10 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
6 MHz Tuned, 10 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
8 MHz Tuned, 10 MHz Input		-70		
11 MHz Tuned, 822.6666666 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
11 MHz Tuned, 1641.6666666 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
11 MHz Tuned, 1234 MHz Input		<b>-70</b>		
199 MHz Tuned, 948 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
199 MHz Tuned, 1422 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
399 MHz Tuned, 1081.3333333 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
399 MHz Tuned, 1622 MHz Input		<b>-</b> 70		

# **RF-Harmonic Distortion**

444,000	Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
159.001 <b>M</b> Hz	, 2nd		<b>–</b> 70		
159.001 <b>M</b> Hz	, 3rd		<b>–</b> 70		
159.001 <b>M</b> Hz	, 4th		-70		
159.001 <b>M</b> Hz	, 5th		<b>—</b> 70		
679.001 MHz	, 2nd		<b>–</b> 70		

Serial Number:	Report Number:			
Test Date://				
Frequency Accuracy				
Measurement	Lower Limit (MHz)	Upper Limit (MHz)	Measured Value (MHz)	Pass/Fail
Accuracy at 1500 MHz				
RF-Noise				
Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm/Hz)	Measured Value (dBm/Hz)	Pass/Fail
2.345 MHz		-145		
23.456 MHz		-145		
123.456 MHz		<b>–14</b> 5		
		<b>–14</b> 5		
523.456 MHz		-140		
523.456 MHz 923.456 MHz		—145 —145		
923.456 MHz		-145		
923.456 MHz 1.323456 GHz 1.723456 GHz  RF-Source Amplitude Accu	uracy (Option Lower Limit 3 dBm	-145 -145 -145	Measured Value dBm	Pass/Fail
923.456 MHz  1.323456 GHz  1.723456 GHz <b>RF-Source Amplitude Accu</b>	Lower Limit	-145 -145 -145 AY8 only) Upper Limit	Measured Value	Pass/Fail
923.456 MHz 1.323456 GHz 1.723456 GHz  RF-Source Amplitude Accu  Measurement  Absolute accuracy, 6 MHz, 5 dBm	Lower Limit 3 dBm  —2 dB	—145 —145 —145 AY8 only) Upper Limit 7 dBm 2 dB	Measured Value dBm	Pass/Fail
923.456 MHz 1.323456 GHz 1.723456 GHz  RF-Source Amplitude Accument Measurement Absolute accuracy, 6 MHz, 5 dBm 13 dBm flatness	Lower Limit 3 dBm  —2 dB	—145 —145 —145 AY8 only) Upper Limit 7 dBm 2 dB	Measured Value dBm	Pass/Fail

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	

# RF-Source Distortion (Option AY8 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
2.123 MHz, 2nd		-25		
2.123 MHz, 3rd		-25		
2.123 MHz, 4th		<b>–</b> 25		
2.123 MHz, 5th		25		
159.123 MHz, 2nd		<b>–</b> 25		
159.123 MHz, 3rd		<b>–</b> 25		
159.123 MHz, 4th		-25		
159.123 MHz, 5th		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 2nd		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 3rd		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 4th		<b>–</b> 25		
479.123 MHz, 5th		-25		
889.123 MHz, 2nd		<b>–</b> 25		
889.123 MHz, 3rd	Cont 14 th Cont Cont Cont Cont Cont Cont Cont Cont	-25	The State Control of the State	
1399.123 MHz, 2nd		25		
1399.123 MHz, 3rd		<b>–25</b>		

# RF-Source Noise (Option AY8 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc/Hz)	Measured Value (dBc/Hz)	Pass/Fail
6 MHz, 100 kHz Offset		-100		
6 MHz, 1 MHz Offset		-100		
6 MHz, 2 MHz Offset		-100		
6 MHz, 3 MHz Offset		-100		
6 MHz, 4 MHz Offset		-100		

RF Analyzer

Operation Verifica	tion Test R	Record	
Test Facility			
Facility Address			
Tested By			
Report Number			
Customer Name			
HP 89410A Serial Numb			
HP 89430A Serial Numb			
Installed Options			
Date			
Temperature			
Humidity			
Power Line Frequency _			
Tower Efficiency _			
Test Instruments Used		ID or Carial Number	Calibratian Dua
Instrument Synthesizer	Model	ID or Serial Number	Calibration Due
Synthesizer/Level Generator			
Baseband Analyzer			
Multimeter	***************************************		
Step Attenuator, 1 dB			
Step Attenuator, 10 dB			
Signal Generator			
Power Meter			
Power Sensor			
Milliwatt Power Meter			

Serial Number:	Report Number:					
Test Date://						
Self Test						
Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Measured Value	Pass/Fail		
Long Confidence						

### **Amplitude Accuracy**

Measurement	Lower Limit (dBm)	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, -18 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
9.876 MHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 50 ohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 1, 1 Mohm	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 50 ohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, —18 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		
49.234 kHz, 6 dBm, Ch 2, 1 Mohm †	-0.5	0.5		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	Report Number:
Test Date:/	

# Amp\_Phase Match (Option AY7 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Measured Value	Pass/Fail
-30 dBm Magnitude	−0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
-30 dBm Phase	—2 deg	2 deg		
–22 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
–22 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
—14 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
—14 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
—6 dBm Magnitude	−0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
−6 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
2 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
2 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		
10 dBm Magnitude	-0.25 dB	0.25 dB		
10 dBm Phase	−2 deg	2 deg		

# **Input Coupling**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
dc — ac, Ch 1		3		
dc — ac, Ch 2 †		3		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	-

# **Input Trigger**

Measurement	Lower Limit (V)	Upper Limit (V)	Measured Value (V)	Pass/Fail
Channel 1, +2 Volt, Slope Negative	1.368	2.632		
Channel 1, —2 Volt, Slope Positive	-2.632	-1.368		
Channel 2, +2 Volt, Slope Negative †	1.368	2.632		
Channel 2, —2 Volt, Slope Positive †	-2.632	-1.368		

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  Option AY7 only

# **External Trigger**

	asurement	Lower Limit (V)	Upper Limit (V)	Measured Value (V)	Pass/Fail
+5 Volt, Slope Ne	gative	4.5	5.5		
-5 Volt, Slope Pos	sitive	-5.5	-4.5		

### **External Arm**

Measurement	Lower Limit (V)	Upper Limit (V)	Measured Value (V)	Pass/Fail
+ 2 Volt, Region Above	1.5	2.5		
—2 Volt, Region Below	-2.5	-1.5		

### **Harmonic Distortion**

	Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
9.75 MHz 2n	d, Ch 1		<b>–</b> 75		
9.75 <b>M</b> Hz 3rd	i, Ch 1		<b>-</b> 75		
9.75 MHz 2n	d, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 75		
9.75 <b>M</b> Hz 3rd	1, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 75		

### † Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	Report Number:	
Test Date:/		

# DC Offset

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBfs)	Measured Value (dBfs)	Pass/Fail
—30 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
–20 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
-10 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
0 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		<b>–2</b> 5		
+ 10 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		<b>–2</b> 5		
+ 20 dBm, Ch 1, Filter In		-25		
-30 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		
–20 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		<b>–2</b> 5		
—10 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		<b>–2</b> 5		
0 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		
+ 10 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		
+ 20 dBm, Ch 2, Filter In †		-25		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	_

# **Spurious Signals**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm)	Measured Value (dBm)	Pass/Fail
275 Hz Center, 450 Hz Span, Ch 1		-99		
275 Hz Center, 450 Hz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 99		
25 kHz Center, 10 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-</b> 99		
25 kHz Center, 10 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 99		
100 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-</b> 99		
100 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		-99		
200 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-</b> 99		
200 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 99		
300 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>–</b> 99		
300 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>-</b> 99		
400 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 1		<b>-</b> 99		
400 kHz Center, 50 kHz Span, Ch 2 †		<b>–</b> 99		

# † Option AY7 only

# Noise

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm/Hz)	Measured Value (dBm/Hz)	Pass/Fail
1 kHz to 40 kHz, Ch 1		<b>–131</b>		
1 kHz to 40 kHz, Ch 2 †		-131		
40 kHz to 10 MHz, Ch 1		-144		
40 kHz to 10 MHz, Ch 2 †		-144		

<sup>†</sup> Option AY7 only

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date:/	

# **Source Amplitude Accuracy**

Measurement	Lower Limit (dB)	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
9.5 MHz, —56 dBm	-2	2		
9.5 MHz, —50 dBm	<b>-</b> 2	2		
9.5 MHz, —41 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, —35 dBm	-1	1		78.688.007.00.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.00
9.5 MHz, —32 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, —23 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, —14 dBm	-1	1		7970-7070-7000-1111-1111-1111-1111-1111-
9.5 MHz, —8 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, 1 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, 4 dBm	-1	1		
9.5 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
30 kHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
1.8 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
3.3 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
4.8 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
6.3 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
7.8 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		
9.95 MHz, 13 dBm	-1	1		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date://	_

# **Source Distortion**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
2.395 kHz @ 6 dBm		55		
7.84 kHz @ 6 dBm		<b>-</b> 55		
65.8 kHz @ 6 dBm		<b>4</b> 0		
3.925 MHz @ 6 dBm		40		
9.64 MHz @ 6 dBm		-33	MACLE AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE	

# **RF-Amplitude Accuracy**

Measurement	Lower Limit (dB)	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
—15 dBm Range	-1	1		
—10 dBm Range	-1	1		
—5 dBm Range	-1	1		
0 dBm Range	-1	1		
5 dBm Range	-1	1		
10 dBm Range	-1	1		

# **Phase Noise**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc/Hz)	Measured Value (dBc/Hz)	Pass/Fail
100 Hz Offset		-89		
1 kHz Offset		-92		
10 kHz Offset		-93		
100 kHz Offset		-105		

Serial Number:	Report Number:			
Test Date://				
RF-Spurious Signals				
Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
2 MHz Tuned, 7 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		MacMatha an tao in an tao ann an tao ann an tao
4 MHz Tuned, 10 MHz Input		<b>-70</b>		*
6 MHz Tuned, 10 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
8 MHz Tuned, 10 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
11 MHz Tuned, 822.6666666 MHz Input		<b>–70</b>		
11 MHz Tuned, 1641.6666666 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
11 MHz Tuned, 1234 MHz Input		<b>-70</b>		
199 MHz Tuned, 948 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
199 MHz Tuned, 1422 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
399 MHz Tuned, 1081.3333333 MHz Input		<b>–</b> 70		
399 MHz Tuned, 1622 MHz Input		<del></del> 70		
RF-Harmonic Distortion				
Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
159.001 MHz, 2nd		<b>–</b> 70		
159.001 MHz, 3rd		<b>–</b> 70		
159.001 MHz, 4th		<b>–</b> 70		The property of the second sec
159.001 MHz, 5th	***************************************	<del>-</del> 70		
Frequency Accuracy				
Measurement	Lower Limit (MHz)	Upper Limit (MHz)	Measured Value (MHz)	Pass/Fail
Accuracy at 1500 MHz				

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Test Date:/	_

# **RF-Noise**

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBm/Hz)	Measured Value (dBm/Hz)	Pass/Fail
2.345 MHz		-145		
123.456 MHz		-145		
923.456 MHz		-145		
1.723456 GHz		-145		

# RF-Source Amplitude Accuracy (Option AY8 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Measured Value	Pass/Fail
Absolute accuracy, 6 MHz, 5 dBm	3 dBm	7 dBm	dBm	
13 dBm flatness	−2 dB	2 dB	dB	

# RF-Source IF-Flatness (Option AY8 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit (dB)	Upper Limit (dB)	Measured Value (dB)	Pass/Fail
IF flatness	-2	2		

# RF-Source Distortion (Option AY8 only)

Measurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc)	Measured Value (dBc)	Pass/Fail
2.123 MHz, 2nd		-25		
2.123 MHz, 3rd		-25		
2.123 MHz, 4th		<b>–</b> 25		
2.123 MHz, 5th		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 2nd		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 3rd		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 4th		<b>–2</b> 5		
479.123 MHz, 5th		-25		
1399.123 MHz, 2nd		-25		
1399.123 MHz, 3rd		<b>–2</b> 5		

Serial Number:	_Report Number:
Γest Date://	

# RF-Source Noise (Option AY8 only)

Me	asurement	Lower Limit	Upper Limit (dBc/Hz)	Measured Value (dBc/Hz)	Pass/Fail
6 MHz, 100 kHz 0	ffset		-100		
6 MHz, 1 MHz Offs	set		-100		
6 MHz, 2 MHz Offs	set		-100		
6 MHz, 3 MHz Offs	set		-100		
6 MHz, 4 MHz Offs	set		-100		

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# HP 89400-Series Documentation Roadmap

If you are thinking about	And you want to	Then read the analyzer's
<ul> <li>Unpacking and installing the analyzer</li> </ul>	Install the analyzer, or do operation verification or performance verification tests	Installation and Verification Guide
◆ Getting started	Make your first measurements with your new analyzer	Getting Started Guide
	Review measurement concepts	Operator's Guide
	Learn what each key does	Online Help (press the [ Help ] key)
◆ Making measurements	Learn how to make typical measurements	Getting Started Guide and Operator's Guide
◆ Creating automated measurements	Learn the HP Instrument BASIC interface	HP 89400-Series Using HP Instrument BASIC
(To receive HP Instrument BASIC and HP Instrument BASIC manuals, order option 1C2)	Program with HP Instrument BASIC	HP Instrument BASIC User's Handbook
◆ Remote operation	Learn about the HP-IB and SCPI	HP-IB Programmer's Guide
	Find specific HP-IB commands quickly	HP 89400-Series HP-IB Commands: Quick Reference
	Find HP-IB command details	HP 89400-Series HP-IB Command Reference
<ul> <li>Using analyzer data with a PC application</li> </ul>	Transfer analyzer data to or from a PC (Personal Computer) application	Standard Data Format Utilities: User's Guide
	Display analyzer data on a PC, or display PC data on the analyzer	
<ul> <li>Servicing the analyzer (To receive service information, order option OB3)</li> </ul>	Adjust, troubleshoot, or repair the analyzer	Service Guide

# **Declaration of Conformity**

According to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN 45014

Manufacturer's name:

Hewlett-Packard Company

Manufacturer's address:

Lake Stevens Instrument Division

8600 Soper Hill Road

Everett, Washington 98205-1298

declares, that the product

**Product Name:** 

Vector Signal Analyzer

**Model Number:** 

HP 89440A

conforms to the following specifications, except as noted in the Product Specifications:

Safety:

IEC 348/HD401

EMC:

CISPR 11: 1990/EN55011 (1991), Group1, Class A

IEC 801-2: 1991/EN50082-1 (1992): 4 kV CD, 8 kV AD

IEC 801-3: 1984/EN50082-1 (1992): 3 V/m
IEC 801-4: 1988/EN50082-1 (1992): 1 kV

## **Supplementary Information:**

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC.

Everett, Washington - November 30, 1992

Larry Bennett, Product Services Manager

		<i>)</i>

# Need Assistance?

If you need assistance, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office listed in the HP Catalog, or contact your nearest regional office listed at the back of this guide. If you are contacting Hewlett-Packard about a problem with your HP 89440A Vector Signal Analyzer, please provide the following information:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
☐ Model number: HP 89440A
☐ Firmware version: †
☐ IF section serial number: ‡
RF section serial number: ‡
Options:
☐ Date the problem was first encountered:
☐ Circumstances in which the problem was encountered:
☐ Can you reproduce the problem?
☐ What effect does this problem have on you?
† To display the firmware version, press [ System Utility ] [ more ] [ firmware version ]. ‡ To display the serial number, press [ System Utility ] [ more ] [ serial number ].

# About this edition

September 1995: In this edition, the title page was changed. The *Auto Performance Test* disk changed to revision A.02.03.

July 1995: In this edition, specifications for option AYH, Digital Video Modulation Analysis, were added to the HP 89440A Technical Data publication.

May 1995: In this edition, the title page was changed. The *Auto Performance Test* disk changed to revision A.02.02. Revision A.02.02 was designed for use with IF section firmware version A.03.00 and RF section firmware version A.00.01.

July 1994: In this edition, the "Specifications" chapter was replaced with the *HP 89440A Technical Data* publication. The *Auto Performance Test* disk changed to revision A.02.01. Revision A.02.01 was designed for use with IF section firmware version A.02.01 and RF section firmware version A.00.01.

November 1996: In this edition, the *Technical Data* publication was revised to reflect the following new features: adaptive equalization, extended arbitrary source lengths, and peak/average statistics.

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# HP 89441A dc to 2.65 GHz Vector Signal Analyzer

# Technical Data

Specifications describe warranted performance over the temperature range of 0° to 55°C (except where noted) and include a 30-minute warm-up from ambient conditions, automatic calibrations enabled, auto-zero on, time domain calibration off, and anti-alias filter in, unless noted otherwise. Supplemental characteristics identified as "typical" or "characteristic," provide useful information by giving non-warranted performance parameters. Typical performance is applicable from  $20^{\circ}$  to  $30^{\circ}$ C.

When enabled, automatic calibrations are periodically performed to compensate for the effects of temperature and time sensitivities. During the calibration, no signals >0 dBm should be connected to the front panel inputs.

#### **Definitions**

**Baseband** = dc to 10 MHz measurements.

Baseband time = Time-domain measurements selected by setting start frequency to exactly 0 Hz or choosing full span in 0 to 10 MHz measurements.

**dBc** = dB relative to input signal level.

dBfs = dB relative to full scale amplitude range setting. Full scale is approximately 2 dB below ADC overload.

Analog demodulation mode = Measurements with AM, PM, and FM demodulation capabilities.

**FS or fs** = Full scale; synonymous with amplitude range or input range.

**RBW** = Resolution bandwidth.

**RF** = 2 MHz to 2.65 GHz measurements.

Scalar mode = Measurements with only frequency-domain analysis available. Frequency spans up to 2648 MHz.

**SNR** = Signal to noise ratio.

**Vector mode** = Measurements with frequency- and time-domain capabilities. Frequency spans up to 10 MHz in baseband, and 7 MHz for RF analysis (8 MHz with option AYH).

**Zoom time** = Time-domain measurements selected by setting frequency parameters using center frequency and span values.

# HP 89441A Technical Data **Standard Features**

## **Standard Features**

Frequency

dc to 2.650 GHz 51 to 3201 points

Center frequency signal-tracking

**Instrument modes** 

Scalar (frequency-domain only)

Vector (amplitude and phase information in frequency- and

time-domain and also time-gating) Analog demodulation (AM/FM/PM)

Sweep types

Continuous

Manual

Single

**Triggering** 

Free run Input channel External External arm

IF channel

Programmable polarity and

Internal source

level

HP-IB

Pre and post delay

Trigger holdoff

Averaging

Video

Peak hold

Video exponential

Simultaneous display of instantaneous and average

Time Time exponential

spectrum

Source types

CW

Periodic chirp

Random noise

Arbitrary (up to 8192 points)

Input

One channel

Second 10 MHz input channel (optional)

Auto-ranging (baseband only)

Overload indicators

 $50/75/1M \Omega$  BNC (dc to 10 MHz)

50  $\Omega$  Type-N, 75  $\Omega$  with minimum-loss pad (2 MHz to

2650 MHz)

Resolution/window shapes

1-3-10 bandwidth steps

Arbitrary RBW

Windows: Flat-top (high amplitude accuracy), Gaussian-top (high dynamic range), Hanning (high

frequency resolution), Uniform

Detectors: normal, positive peak, sample

Measurement data

Spectrum

Time capture

**PSD** 

Frequency response,

Main time

coherence, cross spectrum, and cross correlation (with

Gate time

second 10 MHz input

Math function Data register

channel)

Auto correlation

Instantaneous spectrum

**Data format** 

Log magnitude Linear magnitude Imaginary part Group delay

Phase (wrap or unwrap)

Log/linear x-axis

Real part

Trace math

Display

1, 2, or 4 grids

1 to 4 traces displayed (single or overlay)

Auto-scaling

Color (user definable)

User trace title and information

Graticule on/off Data label blanking

X-axis scaling

Instrument/Measurement state displays

External monitor

Markers

Marker search: Peak, next peak, next peak right, next peak

left, minimum

Marker to: Center frequency, reference level, start

frequency, stop frequency

Offset markers

Couple markers between traces

Marker functions: Peak track, frequency counter, band power (frequency, time, or demodulation results),

peak/average statistics

Memory and data-storage

Disk devices

Nonvolatile RAM disk (100 Kbyte) Volatile RAM disk (up to 1 Mbyte)

90 mm (3.5-inch) 1.44 Mbyte flexible disk (HP LIF or

MS-DOS® formats) External HP-IB disk

Disk format and file delete, rename, and copy

Nonvolatile clock with time/date

Save/recall of: Trace data, instrument states, trace math functions, HP Instrument BASIC programs, time-capture

buffers

Online help

Hard copy output

HP-IB/HPGL plotters HP-IB/RS-232/parallel printers

Plot to file Time stamp

Single-plot spooling

**Interfaces** 

HP-IB (IEEE 488.1 and 488.2) External reference in/out External PC-style keyboard

Active probe power RS-232 (one port)

Centronics

LAN and second HP-IB (optional)

Standard data format utilities

**Optional features** 

HP Instrument BASIC (option 1C2)

Vector modulation analysis (option AYA)

Digital video modulation analysis (option AYH)

Waterfall and spectrogram (option AYB)

Extended RAM and additional I/O (option UFG)

Adaptive Equalization (option AYH or AYJ)

Advanced LAN support (option UG7)

2 of 20

## RF

RF specifications apply with the receiver mode set to "RF section (2-2650 MHz)."

Frequency
-----------

# Frequency tuning

Frequency range 2 MH

2 MHz to 2650 MHz

Frequency span

Scalar mode 1 Hz to 2648 MHz

Vector mode 1 Hz to 7 MHz (8 MHz

with option AYH)

Center frequency tuning

 $0.001~\mathrm{Hz}$ 

resolution

Number of frequency

51 to 3201

points/span

Signal track (when enabled) keeps the largest measured signal at the center frequency.

# Frequency accuracy (with standard high-precision frequency reference)

Frequency accuracy is the sum of initial accuracy, aging, and temperature drift.

Initial accuracy

 $\pm 0.1$  ppm

Aging

 $\pm 0.015$  ppm/month

Temperature drift

 $\pm 0.005 \text{ ppm} (0^{\circ} \text{ to } 55^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

# Frequency counter

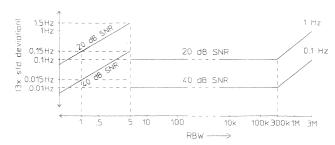
The frequency counter operates in scalar or vector mode.

Frequency counter accuracy

Total accuracy is the sum of the frequency counter's basic accuracy and the instrument's frequency accuracy.

Conditions/Exceptions:

- Signal-to-noise ratio within resolution bandwidth, 20 dB minimum
- Marker within 1/2 resolution bandwidth of peak Unspecified for uniform window and resolution bandwidth < 5 Hz



Frequency counter basic accuracy

Stability (spectral purity) (with standard high-precision frequency reference or equivalent with  $\geq 5$  dBm level)

Phase noise (absolute and residual)

 $F_{in} \le 200 \text{ MHz}$ 

 $100 \text{ Hz offset} & <-103 \text{ dBc/Hz} \\ 1 \text{ kHz offset} & <-112 \text{ dBc/Hz} \\ \ge 10 \text{ kHz offset} & <-116 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ 

 $200~MHz \leq F_{in} \leq 1~GHz$ 

100 Hz offset <- 96 dBc/Hz 1 kHz offset <- 104 dBc/Hz  $\geq 10 \text{ kHz offset}$  <- 116 dBc/Hz

 $1 \text{ GHz} \le F_{in} \le 2650 \text{ MHz}$ 

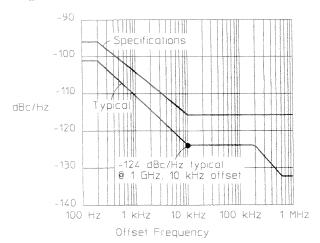
 $\begin{array}{lll} 100~\text{Hz offset} & <-~87~\text{dBc/Hz} \\ 1~\text{kHz offset} & <-~97~\text{dBc/Hz} \\ \geq 10~\text{kHz offset} & <-~116~\text{dBc/Hz} \end{array}$ 

LO spurious sidebands

Offset > 1 kHz <- 75 dBc

Offset≤1 kHz

 $\begin{array}{ll} f_{in} \leq 2 \; GHz & <- \; 70 \; dBc \\ f_{in} > 2 \; GHz & <- \; 68 \; dBc \end{array} \label{eq:fin}$ 



Spectral purity at 1 GHz

#### Resolution bandwidth

Range

 $312.5 \mu$ Hz to 3 MHz in 1, 3, 10

sequence or arbitrary user-definable

bandwidth

Note: In scalar mode, the minimum resolution bandwidth is  $312.5\,\mu\text{Hz}$  and the maximum resolution bandwidth is a function of span. In vector mode, the minimum resolution bandwidth is a function of span and the number of frequency points, and the maximum resolution bandwidth is a function of span only.

Window	Selectivity	Passband	Sideband
		flatness	level
Flat-top	2.45:1	+0, -0.01 dB	– 95 dBc
Gaussian-top	4.0:1	+0, -0.68 dB	$-125~\mathrm{dBc}$
Hanning	9.1:1	+0, -1.5  dB	– 32 dBc
Uniform	716:1	+0, -4  dB	– 13 dBc

<sup>†</sup> Shape factor or ratio of - 60 dB to - 3 dB bandwidths.

# **Amplitude**

Input range

-50 dBm to + 25 dBm

(5 dB steps)

Maximum safe input power

Average

+ 25 dBm (300 mW)

continuous power

DC voltage

25 V

1

A/D overload level

> 1.5 dB above range

(typical)

# Input port

Input channels

VSWR

Range ≥– 20 dBm

1.6:1 (12.7 dB return loss)

Range ≤- 25 dBm

1.8:1 (11 dB return loss) 50  $\Omega$  (75  $\Omega$  with minimum-loss

pad option 1D7)

Connector

Impedance

Type-N

## Amplitude accuracy

Accuracy specifications apply with flat-top window selected.

Amplitude accuracy is the sum of absolute full-scale accuracy and amplitude linearity.

Absolute full-scale accuracy (with signal level equal to range)

20° - 30°C

0° - 55°C

≥-25 dBm range

 $\pm 1 \text{ dB}$ 

 $\pm 2 \text{ dB}$ 

≤-30 dBm range

(0.5 dB typical)

 $\pm 1.5 \, dB$   $\pm 3 \, dB$ 

(0.5 dB typical)

#### Amplitude linearity

0 to - 30 dBfs

< 0.10 dB

-30 to -50 dBfs

< 0.15 dB

-50 to -70 dBfs

< 0.20 dB

In vector mode, relative level accuracy within a single span is the sum of vector mode frequency response and amplitude linearity.

Vector mode frequency response

 $\pm 0.4 dB$ 

(relative to the center frequency)

#### Dynamic range

Dynamic range indicates the amplitude range that is free of erroneous signals within the measurement bandwidth.

Harmonic distortion (with a single full scale signal at the input)

≥–25 dBm range	<- 75 dBc
≤-30 dBm range	<- 54 dBc
Third-order intermodulation	<- 75 dBc

distortion (with two input tones at 6 dB below full scale and  $\geq 10 \text{ MHz}$ )

General spurious (with input signal level equal to range and input frequency  $\leq 2650 \text{ MHz}$ )

For spans  $\leq 1.5$  MHz and for <-75 dBc offset frequencies  $\leq 1.5$  MHz from input signal

For all spans and offsets  $<-70~\mathrm{dBc}$  † Residual responses (50  $\Omega$  input)  $<-80~\mathrm{dBfs}$ 

Input noise density (50  $\Omega$  input, vector mode or scalar mode with sample detector)  $\ddagger$ 

 $\begin{array}{lll} & 20^{\circ} - 30^{\circ} C & 0^{\circ} - 55^{\circ} C \\ \geq -25 \text{ dBm range} & <-115 \text{ dBfs/Hz} & <-112 \text{ dBfs/Hz} \\ \leq -30 \text{ dBm range} & <-110 \text{ dBfs/Hz} & <-109 \text{ dBfs/Hz} \end{array}$ 

Sensitivity‡

− 50 dBm range <− 160 dBm/Hz <− 159 dBm/Hz

† <- 60 dBc for RF (2-2650 MHz)-wide (option AYH) ‡ Add 4 dB for RF (2-2650 MHz)-wide (option AYH)

## Phase (vector mode)

Phase specifications apply with flat-top window selected.

Deviation from linear ± 5 deg phase (relative to best fit line with peak signal level within 6 dB of full scale)

# Time (vector mode)

Time-sample resolution = 1/(k\*span(Hz)) [second]; where k = 1.28 for zoom time.

Main time length = (number of frequency points – 1) ÷ span (Hz) [second]; for resolution bandwidth in arbitrary and auto-coupled mode.

Amplitude accuracy (for a sine wave in the measurement passband, time-domain calibrations on, range  $\geq$ – 25 dBm)

 $20^{\circ}$  -  $30^{\circ}$ C  $\pm$  12% full scale  $(\pm$  6% typical)  $0^{\circ}$  -  $55^{\circ}$ C  $\pm$  26% full scale

Sample error rate for zoom time (typical)

Error threshold:  $10^{-8}$  times/sample 5% full scale

Sample error rate reflects the probability of an error greater than the error threshold occuring in one time sample.

Analog demodulation

Demodulation specifications apply with demodulation mode selected and time-domain calibration on.

AM, PM, or FM demodulation. Auto carrier locking is available with PM or FM demodulators and the carrier value determined is a displayable marker function.

Demodulator bandwidth (determined by selected measurement span)

Maximum bandwidth 7 MHz (typical)

AM demodulation (typical performance)

Accuracy  $\pm 1\%$ 

Dynamic range 60 dB (100%) for a pure AM

signal

< 0.3% AM on an FM signal Cross demodulation

with 10 kHz modulation,

200 kHz deviation

PM demodulation (typical performance)

Accuracy

±3 degrees

Dynamic range

60 dB (rad) for a pure PM

signal

Cross demodulation

< 1 degree PM on an AM

signal with 80% modulation

FM demodulation (typical performance)

Accuracy

 $\pm$  1% of span

Dynamic range

60 dB (Hz) for a pure FM

signal

Cross demodulation

< 0.5% of span FM on an AM

signal with 80% modulation

Trigger

Trigger types Scalar mode

Free run, internal source,

HP-IB, external (each measurement step requires

a separate trigger)

Vector mode

Free run, IF channel,

internal source, HP-IB,

external

Pre-trigger delay range (see time specifications for sample resolution)

One channel

64 Ksamples (1 Msample

with extended time capture,

option AY9)

Two channels

32 Ksamples (0.5 Msample with extended time capture,

(requires second 10 MHz input,

option AY9)

option AY7)

Post-trigger delay

2 Gsample

range (see time specifications for sample resolution)

Trigger holdoff

When enabled, each measurement requires two trigger events. The first event starts a holdoff timer. After the specified holdoff time, a subsequent trigger event will initiate a measurement.

Holdoff resolution

 $2.5 \,\mu s$ 

Holdoff range

 $2.5 \,\mu s$  to  $41 \, s$ 

IF trigger (characteristics only)

Used to trigger only on in-band energy, where the trigger bandwidth is determined by the measurement span (rounded to the next higher  $10^7/2^n[Hz]$ ).

Amplitude resolution < 1 dB

Amplitude ranges

+1 to -70 dBfs. Useable range will become limited by the total integrated noise in the measurement span.

IF trigger hysterysis < 4 dB

External trigger (positive and negative slope)

Level accuracy

 $\pm 0.5 \, \mathrm{V}$ 

Range

 $\pm 5 \text{ V}$ 

Input impedance

 $10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typical)}$ 

External arm

Level accuracy

 $\pm 0.5 \, \mathrm{V}$ 

Range

 $\pm 5 \text{ V}$ 

Input impedance

 $10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typical)}$ 

Source types †	CW (fixed	
(vector mode)	random no periodic ch arbitrary	,
Frequency		
Range	2 MHz to $2$	650 MHz
Maximum offset from center frequency	3.5 <b>MHz</b>	
Amplitude (fixed sine source	ype)	
Amplitude range Typical maximum amplitude (overdrive is available using direct numeric entry)	-40 dBm to +17 dBm	o +13 dBm
Amplitude resolution	$0.1~\mathrm{dB}$	
Amplitude accuracy (source le	vel ≤ 13 dBr	n)
Source amplitude accuracy is accuracy at the center freque frequency) and the IF flatnes	ncy (zero o	
	20° - 30°C	0° - 55°C
Absolute accuracy at the center frequency	± 1.2 dB	± 3.5 dB
IF flatness (relative to center frequency)	± 1 dB	± 1.5 dB
IF Flatness with   offset frequency   ≤ 500 kHz		± 0.3 dB
Dynamic range (source level ≤	0 dBm)	
Harmonic distortion	<- 40 dBc	
Non-harmonic spurious (within measurement bandwidth)	<- 40 dBc	
Average noise level (for offsets > 1 MHz from the carrier and carrier frequency > 100 MHz. For offsets < 1 MHz, add the LO phase noise.)	<- 120 dB	c/Hz
Crosstalk (source-to-receiver, source level ≤ 0 dBm)	- 80 dBfs	

Source port VSWR  $Level \leq -10 \; dBm \qquad \qquad 1.8:1 \; (11 \; dB \; return \; loss)$   $Impedance \qquad \qquad 50 \; \Omega \; (75 \; \Omega \; with \; optional \; minimum-loss \; pad)$ 

Connector

Type-N

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  See Baseband section for random noise, periodic chirp, and arbitrary source characteristics.

#### Baseband

#### **Baseband**

Baseband specifications apply with the receiver mode set to "IF section (0-10 MHz)" or "RF section (0-10 MHz)" unless noted otherwise. Specifications noted as "IF section only" apply with the receiver mode set to "IF section (0-10 MHz)" and the input signal connected directly to the IF section's channel 1 or channel 2 input.

# Frequency

# Frequency tuning (characteristic only)

Frequency range

dc to 10 MHz

Frequency span

1.0 Hz to 10 MHz

Center frequency tuning resolution  $0.001 \ Hz$ 

Number of frequency points/span 51 to 3201

Signal track (when enabled) keeps the largest measured signal at the center frequency.

# Frequency accuracy

Same as the RF specifications.

#### Frequency counter

Same as the RF specifications.

# Stability (spectral purity)

Absolute and residual phase noise,  $F_{\text{in}}$  = 10 MHz (with standard high precision frequency reference or equivalent)

 $\begin{array}{lll} 100~\text{Hz offset} & <-106~\text{dBc/Hz} \\ 1~\text{kHz offset} & <-110~\text{dBc/Hz} \\ \geq &10~\text{kHz offset} & <-120~\text{dBc/Hz} \end{array}$ 

Phase noise decreases with decreasing input

frequency by  $20 \log_{10} \left| \frac{F_{in}}{10 \ MHz} \right| dB$ .

#### Resolution bandwidth

Same as the RF specifications.

# Amplitude

# Input range (characteristic only)(2 dB steps)

 $50 \Omega$  input

-30 dBm to + 24 dBm

 $75 \Omega$  input

-31.761 dBm to +22.239 dBm

 $1 \text{ M}\Omega$  input

-30 dBm to + 28 dBm

(referenced to  $50 \Omega$ )

Maximum safe input power

 $50~\Omega/75~\Omega$  input

+ 27 dBm

 $1\; M\Omega \; input$ 

20 V peak

# Auto-ranging (characteristic only)

Up-only, up-down, single, off

#### Input port

Input channels

1 (second 10 MHz input

channel optional)

Return loss (IF section only)

 $50 \Omega$  input

> 25 dB

 $75 \Omega$  input

> 20 dB

Coupling

dc/ac (ac coupling

attenuation < 3 dB at 3 Hz)

Input Impedance

 $50/75 \Omega$ , 1 MΩ ± 2%

(IF section only)

(< 80 pF shunt capacitance)

Connector

BNC (RF section: Type-N)

#### **Amplitude accuracy**

Accuracy specifications apply with flat-top window selected

Amplitude accuracy is the sum of absolute full-scale accuracy and amplitude linearity.

Absolute full-scale

 $\pm 0.5 dB$ 

accuracy (IF section only, with signal

level equal to range)

Amplitude linearity

0 to - 30 dBfs

< 0.10 dB

-30 to -50 dBfs

< 0.15 dB

-50 to -70 dBfs

< 0.20 dB

Residual dc  $(50 \Omega)$ 

<- 25 dBfs

## Dynamic range

Dynamic range indicates the amplitude range that is free of erroneous signals within the measurement bandwidth.

Harmonic distortion (with a single full scale signal at the input)

2nd

<- 75 dBc (- 80 dBc typical)

3rd, 4th, 5th

<- 75 dBe (-85 dBe typical)

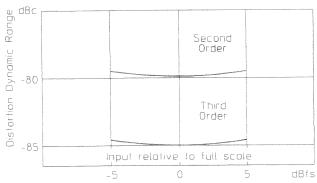
Intermodulation distortion (with two input tones at 6 dB below full scale)

Second-order

<- 75 dBc (- 80 dBc typical)

Third-order

<- 75 dBc (- 85 dBc typical)



Typical harmonic and intermodulation distortion

Residual (spurious) responses (IF section only)  $(50 \Omega)$  input and front panel connections to RF section disconnected)

Frequencies < 1 MHz <- 75 dBfs or <- 100 dBm

whichever is greater

Frequencies ≥ 1 MHz <-80 dBfs

Alias responses (for a

< -80 dBfs

single out-of-band

tone at full scale)

Input noise density (50  $\Omega$  input, vector mode or scalar mode with sample detector)

1 kHz to 40 kHz

<- 101 dBfs/Hz

40 kHz to 10 MHz

<- 114 dBfs/Hz

(-118 dBfs/Hz typical)

Sensitivity (-30 dBm range, 50 Ω input, vector mode or scalar mode with sample detector)

1 kHz to 40 kHz

<- 131 dBm/Hz

40 kHz to 10 MHz

<- 144 dBm/Hz

(-148 dBm/Hz typical)

Crosstalk

<- 85 dBfs

(source-to-input or channel-to-channel,

 $50 \Omega$  terminations)

## Phase (vector mode)

Phase specifications apply with flat-top window selected.

Deviation from linear phase

±5 deg

(relative to best fit line with

peak signal level within 6 dB

of full scale)

# Time (vector mode)

Time-sample resolution = 1/(k\*span(Hz)) [second]; where k = 1.28 for zoom time, 2.56 for baseband time measurements.

Main time length = (number of frequency points -1) ÷ span (Hz) [second]; for resolution bandwidth in arbitrary and auto-coupled mode.

Amplitude accuracy

+5% full scale

(IF section only)(for a sine wave in the measurement passband, time-domain

calibrations on)

Sample error rate for zoom time (typical)

Error threshold:

10<sup>-8</sup> times/sample

5% full scale

Sample error rate reflects the probability of an error greater than the error threshold occuring in one time sample.

Analog channel-to-channel

 $< 1 \, \mathrm{ns}$ 

time skew (IF section only)

(time-domain calibrations on,

both channels on the same

range)

# Analog demodulation

Same as RF analog demodulation specifications except as noted below.

Demodulator bandwidth (determined by selected measurement span)

Maximum bandwidth

10 MHz (typical)

### HP 89441A Technical Data

#### Baseband

# Two-channel

The second 10 MHz input channel (option AY7) provides additional measurements, including frequency response, coherence, cross spectrum, and cross correlation. These measurements are made by comparing a signal on channel two to a signal on channel one or to a demodulated signal on the RF input.

Channel match  $\pm 0.25 \text{ dB}, \pm 2.0 \text{ deg}$ 

(IF section only, at the center of the frequency bins, dc coupled, 16 rms averages, frequency response, full scale inputs, both inputs on the same range. Exclude the first 5 bins of the dc response.)

# Trigger

Same as RF trigger specifications with the following additional specifications.

Input channel trigger (positive and negative slope)

Level accuracy ± 10% full scale  $\pm$  110% full scale Range

Full scale/116 (typical) Resolution

#### **Source** (with output filter on)

#### Source types

CW (fixed sine), arbitrary Scalar mode

Vector mode CW, random noise, periodic chirp,

arbitrary

Random noise source % of energy in-band > 70%

 $(Span = 10 \text{ MHz/2}^N, N = 1 \text{ to } 24)$ 

Periodic chirp source % of energy in-band > 85%

#### Frequency

dc to 10 MHz Frequency range Frequency resolution  $25 \mu Hz$ 

#### **Amplitude**

### Source level

CW and  $-110 \text{ dBm to} + 23.979 \text{ dBm } (50 \Omega),$ 

random noise 5.0 Vpk maximum

Periodic chirp  $-110 \text{ dBm to} + 19.542 \text{ dBm } (50 \Omega),$ 

3.0 Vpk maximum and arbitrary

DC offset ± 3.42 V maximum (resolution and

range of programmable dc offset is dependent on source amplitude)

Amplitude accuracy (50  $\Omega$ , fixed sine)

(IF section only)

-46 dBm to + 24 dBm $\pm 1.0 dB$ - 56 dBm to - 46 dBm  $\pm 2.0 dB$ 

Harmonic and other spurious products (fixed sine,

0 V dc offset)

 $< -55 \, \mathrm{dBc}$ dc to 10 kHz <- 40 dBc 10 kHz to 5 MHz <- 33 dBc 5 MHz to 10 MHz

#### Source port

Return loss (IF section only) > 20 dB $50/75 \Omega$ Source impedance

## Arbitrary source characteristics

The arbitrary source repetitively outputs data stored in a data register. The data register may contain a single time record or, with option AYB, a trace buffer. The time length of the register depends on the time-sample resolution for the span entered when the data register was saved or created. See time specifications for time-sample resolution details.

# Arbitrary source length

Up to 4096 complex or Single time record

8192 real points.

Trace buffer

Up to 16,384 real or complex points. Some (requires option AYB)

configurations allow up to 32,768 real or

complex points (see the Operator's Guide for

details)

# General

Safety and environmental		Physical		
Safety standards	CSA Certified for Electronic Test and Measurement Equipment per CSA C22.2, No. 231	Weight Dimensions IF section	IF section RF section Height Width	25 kg (55 lb) 25 kg (55 lb) 230 mm (9.1 in) 426 mm (16.7 in)
This product is designed for compliance to Acoustics	UL1244 and IEC348, 1978 LpA < 55 dB typical at 25°C ambient (Temperature controlled fan to reduce noise output)	RF section  Real time b	Depth Height Width Depth  andwidth (cha	530 mm (20.9 in) 173 mm (6.8 in) 419 mm (16.5 in) 495 mm (19.5 in)
Temperature Operating Internal disk operations Storage (no disk in drive)	0° to 55°C 4° to 40°C - 20° to 65°C	span that can be missing any time. Frequency span auto-coupled to	dwidth is the maxine continually analone segment of the large of 10 <sup>7</sup> /2 <sup>n</sup> Hz, arresolution bandwidte with calculation	lyzed without input signal. bitrary dth, markers off,
Humidity, non-condensing Operating Internal disk operations Storage (no disk in drive) Altitude	10% to 90% at 40°C 20% to 80% at 30°C 10% to 90% at 40°C		eximum frequency quency points.  f  I vector mode e spectrum	
Operating (above 2285 m (7,500 ft), derate operating temperature by – 3.6°C/1000 m (– 1.1°C/1000 ft))  Storage	4600 m (15,000 ft) 4600 m (15,000 ft)	frequency point averaging off) Two-channel (requires second channel, option magnitude free	vector mode and 10 MHz input on AY7) (Log quency response	39.0625 kHz, 48 updates/second
Calibration interval Warm-up time Power requirements 115 VAC operation IF section	1 year 30 minutes 90 - 140 Vrms, 47 - 440 Hz	measurement frequency poi	data, 801 nts, averaging off)	
RF section 230 VAC operation Maximum power dissipation IF section RF section	750 VA 275 VA			
IEC 801-3 (Radiated Immu degradation may occur at				

#### HP 89441A Technical Data

General

#### Averaging

Single-channel vector mode averaging (log magnitude spectrum measurement data, 1601 frequency points, channel 2 off)

Fast average Displayed 78.125 kHz 78.125 kHz.

48 updates/second

Two-channel vector mode averaging (requires second 10 MHz input channel, option AY7) (Log magnitude frequency response measurement data, 801 frequency points)

Fast average Displayed 39.0625 kHz 39.0625 kHz.

48 updates/second

#### Demodulation

Single-channel analog demodulation mode (log magnitude spectrum measurement data, 1601 frequency points, time cal off, channel 2 off, averaging off)

AM demodulation

 $19.53125~\mathrm{kHz}$ 

rm or PM demodulation

FM or PM demodulation 9.765625 kHz

# Measurement speed

Display update speed (vector mode with full span, one or two channels, 401 frequency points, no averaging, markers off, single trace with calculations off on other traces, log magnitude spectrum, frequency spans of 10<sup>7</sup>/2<sup>n</sup> Hz): 60/second

## **Averaging** (characteristics only)

Number of averages	1 to 99,999
Overlap averaging	0% to 99.99%
Average types	
Scalar mode	rms (video), rms (video) exponential, peak hold
Vector mode	rms (video), rms (video) exponential, time, time exponential, peak hold

Fast averaging allows averaging a user-defined number of measurements without updating the displayed result. This provides faster averaging results for most measurements.

## Gating (characteristics only)

Time-selective, frequency-domain analysis can be performed on any input or analog demodulated time-domain data. When gating is enabled, markers appear on the time data; gate length and delay can be set directly. Independent gate delays can be set for each input channel. See time specifications for main time length and time resolution details.

Gate length

Maximum: Main time length

Minimum: Approximately window shape  $\div$  (0.3 × span (Hz)) [seconds]; where window shape (ws) and minimum gate length for a 10 MHz zoom time span are (for 10 MHz baseband time spans subtract 39.0625 ns):

Window	ws	Minimum gate length
Flat-top	3.819	1.328125 µs
Gaussian-top	2.215	781.25 ns
Hanning	1.5	546.875 ns
Uniform	1.0	390.625 ns

# Time-capture (characteristics only)

Direct capture of input waveforms can be accomplished with spans of 10 MHz/2<sup>n</sup> Hz. See time specifications for time-sample resolution details.

Time capture memory: 64 Ksample; 1 Msample (option AY9)

Benchmarks: For a one-channel, zoom time measurement (for baseband time, halve the time), 64 Ksample captures from 5.12 ms in a 10 MHz span to over 11.9 hours in a 1.19 Hz span. The optional 1 Msample captures from 81.92 ms in a 10 MHz span to over 190 hours in a 1.19 Hz span. Memory is shared if two channels are enabled, therefore length of capture is half as long.

# Band power marker (characteristics only)

Markers can be placed on any time, frequency, or demodulated trace for direct computation of band power, rms square root (of power), C/N, and C/N $_{\rm o}$  within the selected portion of the data.

# Peak/Average Statistics

Peak and peak-to-average statistics can be enabled on main time, gate time, IQ measured time(AYA), IQ reference time (AYA), and math functions involving these trace types. Average power and peak statistics are computed using all samples in the active trace. Each successive trace adds additional samples to the calculations.

Displayed Results

average power peak power peak/average ratio number of samples

Peak Percent

90% – 99.99%. Setting can be changed at any time during or after the measurement.

Signal characteristics

Peak power range

+ 13 dB relative to average power of the first time

record

Average power

range

 $\pm$  3 dB relative to average power of the first time record.

**Display** (characteristic only)

Trace formats One to four traces on one, two,

or four grids or a quad display

Other displays On-line help text, view state

Display points/trace 401

User-definable trace titles and information

X-axis scaling Allows expanded views of

portions of the trace

information

Display blanking

Data or full display

Graticule on/off

 $\pm 5$  mm referenced to bezel

opening

Dimensions

Center

Height Width 105 ± 5 mm 147 ± 5 mm

Diagonal

180.6 mm (7.1 in)

## **Status indicators**

Overload, half range, external trigger, source on/off, trigger, pause, active trace, remote, talk, listen, SRQ.

# **External PC-style keyboard interface**

Compatible with PC-style 101-key keyboard, such as the HP C1405B with HP C1405-60015 adapter.

#### HP 89441A Technical Data

General

## Interfaces (characteristics only)

Active probe power +15 Vdc, -13 Vdc; 150 mA

maximum, compatible with

HP active probes

Sync out Active low TTL level signal

synchronous with source output of periodic chirps and arbitrary blocks up to 8192

samples.

External reference in/out IF section

External

Locks to a 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz

reference input

 $(\pm\,10~\text{ppm})$  with a level

> 0 dBm

External

Output the same frequency as

reference output

the external reference input at a level of > 0 dBm into a  $50 \Omega$ 

load.

External reference in/out RF section

External

Locks to a 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz

reference input

( $\pm$  10 ppm) with a level > 0 dBm (use  $\geq$  5 dBm for optimum phase noise

performance).

External

HP-IB

Outputs 10 MHz at > 0 dBm (+6 dBm typical) into a 50  $\Omega$ 

reference output

load.

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Implementation of IEEE Std 488.1 and 488.2 SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1,

DT1, C1, C2, C3, C12, E2

Benchmark characteristics (typical transfer rate of 401 frequency-point traces)

Scalar

25 traces/second

Vector

20 traces/second

RS-232

Serial port (9-pin) for

connection to printer

Centronics

Parallel port for connection to

a printer

External monitor output

Format

Analog plug-compatible with

25.5 kHz multi-sync monitors

Impedance

 $75 \Omega$ 

Level

0 to 0.7 V

Display rate

60 Hz

Horizontal refresh 25.5 kHz

rate

Horizontal lines

400

Optional interfaces

Option UFG includes the following interfaces

Second HP-IB

Implementation of IEEE

Std 488.1 and 488.2

LAN

ThinLAN BNC

# Peripherals

Plot/print

Direct plotting and black-and-white printing to parallel (Centronics), serial (RS-232), and HP-IB graphics printers and plotters. Printers supported include the HP LaserJet, HP PaintJet, HP ThinkJet, HP DeskJet, and HP QuietJet. Single-plot spooling allows instrument operation while printing or plotting a single display.

# Memory and data storage

Disk devices

Nonvolatile RAM disk

100 Kbyte

Volatile RAM disk

1 Mbyte that can be partitioned between measurement,

HP Instrument BASIC program space and RAM. Volatile RAM also supports memory of waterfalls and spectrograms with

option AYB.

Internal 90 mm (3.5-inch) 1.44 Mbyte

flexible disk (HP LIF or MS-DOS® formats)

External disk

HP-IB interface

Disk format and file delete, rename and copy

Nonvolatile clock with time/date

Save/recall can be used to store trace data, instrument states, trace math functions,

HP Instrument BASIC programs, and time-capture buffers.

Benchmarks (typical disk space requirements for different file types)

Trace data (401 points)

6.2 Kbyte

Instrument state

12.3 Kbyte

Trace math

2 Kbyte

Time-capture buffers

271 Kbyte

(32 Ksamples)

Optional extended RAM

4 Mbyte additional RAM for expanding the volatile RAM capabilities listed

Option UFG includes

earlier.

#### Trace math

Operands measurement data, data register,

constant, other trace math functions, jw

Operations +, -, \*, /, cross correlation, conjugate, magnitude, phase, real, imaginary, square root, FFT, inverse FFT, natural

logarithm, exponential

Trace math can be used to manipulate data on each measurement. Uses include user-units correction and normalization.

#### Marker functions

Peak signal track, frequency counter, band power, peak/average statistics.

#### Standard data format utilities

Included on two 90 mm (3.5-inch) 1.44 Mbyte flexible disks and two 130 mm (5.25-inch) 1.2 Mbyte floppy disks. The utilities run in MS-DOS® 2.1 or greater on an IBM PC (AT or higher) or compatible. The utilities include conversions to standard data format (SDF), PC displays of data and instrument state information, and utilities for conversion to PC-MATLAB, MATRIX<sub>x</sub>, data set 58 and ACSII formats.

# **Options**

# Vector Modulation Analysis — Option AYA

## Supported modulation formats

The vector modulation analysis option supports both single modulated carriers and separate baseband I-Q signals. The optional second  $10~\mathrm{MHz}$  input channel is required for baseband I and Q analysis.

Carrier types Continuous and pulsed/burst

(such as TDMA)

Modulation formats 2 level FSK (including GFSK)

4 level FSK

MSK (including GMSK)

QAM implementations of:
BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK,
π/4DQPSK, 8PSK, 16QAM,

32QAM

Default parameter

settings †

NADC, PDC (JDC), GSM, PHS, DECT, CDPD, TETRA,

CDMA Base, CDMA Mobile

## Filtering

All filters are computed to 20 symbols in length

Filter types Raised cosine

Square-root raised cosine

IS-95 compatible

Gaussian None Rectangular Low pass

User-selectable filter parameters

Alpha/BT continuously adjustable from 0.05 to 10

User-defined filters User-defined impulse response,

fixed 20 points/symbol

Maximum 20 symbols in length

or 401 points

#### Frequency and symbol rate

Receiver mode Information bandwidth

ch1 + j\*ch2  $\leq 20 \text{ MHz} \ddagger$ 0 - 10 MHz  $\leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ 2 - 2650 MHz  $\leq 7 \text{ MHz}$ 

2 - 2650 MHz - wide  $\leq 8$  MHz (option AYH only) External  $\leq 8$  MHz (HP 89411A only)

†NADC and CDMA preset settings require option UFG.

 $\ddagger$  Two-channel measurements such as ch1 + j\*ch2 require option AY7 second 10 MHz input channel.

## Symbol Rate

Symbol Rate is limited only by the information bandwidth

$$Symbol\ Rate = \frac{Bits/_{Second}}{Bits/_{Symbol}}.$$

Where bits/symbol is determined by the modulation type. Example: For the raised-cosine filter

 $Max\ Symbol Rate \leq \frac{Information\ Bandwidth}{1+\alpha}$ 

#### Measurement results (formats other than FSK)

Display update rate

Conditions: NADC preset, 50 kHz span, result length 150 symbols, 1 point/symbol. IQ envelope triggering

and data synchronization off.

Update rate >2 per second (characteristic

only)

I-Q measured Time, spectrum

(Filtered, carrier locked, symbol locked)

I-Q reference Time, spectrum (Ideal, computed from detected symbols)

I-Q error vs. time Magnitude, phase

(I-Q measured vs. reference)

Error vector Time, spectrum (Vector error of computed vs. reference)

Symbol table + Error vector magnitude is computed at symbol times only

#### Measurement results (FSK)

FSK measured Time, spectrum
FSK reference Time, spectrum
Carrier error Magnitude
FSK error Time, spectrum

#### Display formats

The following trace formats are available for measured data and computed ideal reference data, with complete marker and scaling capabilities and automatic grid line adjustment to ideal symbol or constellation states.

Polar diagrams

Constellation: Samples displayed only at symbol times

Vector: Display of trajectory between symbol times with 1 to 20 points/symbol

#### I or Q vs time

Eye diagrams: Adjustable from 0.1 to 10 symbols Trellis diagrams: Adjustable from 0.1 to 10 symbols

Continuous error vector magnitude vs. time

Continuous I or Q vs. time

Error summary (formats other than FSK)

Measured rms and peak values of the following:

Error vector magnitude

Magnitude error

Phase error

Frequency error (carrier offset frequency)

I-Q offset

Amplitude droop (formats other than QAM)

SNR (QAM formats)

Error summary (FSK)

Measured rms and peak values of the following:

FSK error

Magnitude error

Carrier offset frequency

Deviation

Detected bits (symbol table)

Binary bits are displayed and grouped by symbols.

Multiple pages can be scrolled for viewing large

data blocks.

Symbol marker (current symbol shown as inverse video) is coupled to measurement trace displays to identify states with corresponding bits.

For formats other than FSK and MSK, bits are user-definable for absolute states or differential transitions. Note: Synchronization words are required to resolve carrier phase ambiguity on non-differential modulation formats.

# Accuracy (formats other than FSK and IS-95 CDMA)

Conditions: Specifications apply from 20° to 30°C, for a full-scale signal fully contained in the selected measurement span, random data sequence, instrument receiver mode of IF 0-10 MHz or RF 2-2650 MHz, range  $\geq$ – 25 dBm, start frequency  $\geq$  15% of span, alpha/BT  $\geq$  0.3 †, and symbol rate  $\geq$ 1 kHz. For symbol rates less than 1 kHz, accuracy may be limited by phase noise.

Residual errors (result length = 150 symbols, averages = 10)

#### Error vector magnitude

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Freq span} \leq 100 \text{ kHz} & 0.3 \% \text{ rms} \\ & \text{Freq span} \leq 1 \text{ MHz} & 0.5 \% \text{ rms} \\ & \text{Freq span} > 1 \text{ MHz} & 1.0 \% \text{ rms} \end{aligned}$ 

#### Magnitude error

Freq span  $\leq$  100 kHz 0.3 % rms Freq span  $\leq$  1 MHz 0.5 % rms Freq span > 1 MHz 1.0 % rms

Phase error (For modulation formats with equal symbol amplitudes.)

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Freq span} \leq 100 \text{ kHz} & 0.17^{\circ} \text{rms} \\ & \text{Freq span} \leq 1 \text{ MHz} & 0.34^{\circ} \text{rms} \\ & \text{Freq span} > 1 \text{ MHz} & 0.57^{\circ} \text{rms} \end{aligned}$ 

Frequency error Symbol rate/500,000

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable.)

Origin/I-Q Offset - 60 dB

#### Accuracy (2 FSK and 4 FSK)

## Residual errors, typical

4 FSK or 2 FSK, symbol rate = 3.2 kHz, deviation = 4.8 kHz, instrument receiver mode of IF 0-10 MHz or RF 2-2650 MHz, 50 kHz span, full-scale signal, range  $\ge$ – 25 dBm, result length = 150, averages = 10, tenth-order Bessel filtering with 3 dB bandwidth = 3.9 kHz.  $\ddagger$ 

FSK error 0.5 % rms Magnitude error 0.3 % rms

Deviation  $\pm 0.3 \%$  rms (14 Hz) Carrier frequency offset  $\pm 0.3 \%$  of deviation

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable)

DECT preset (2 FSK, symbol rate = 1.152 MHz, BT = 0.5) 288 kHz deviation, instrument receiver mode of IF 0-10 MHz or RF 2-2650 MHz, 4 MHz span, full-scale signal, result length = 150, averages = 10.

FSK error 1.5 % rms Magnitude error 1.0 % rms

Deviation  $\pm 1.0 \%$  rms (2.88 kHz) Carrier frequency offset  $\pm 0.5 \%$  of deviation

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable)

‡ Note: For error analysis, a Gaussian reference filter with BT = 1.22 is used to approximate the tenth-order Bessel filter.

#### HP 89441A Technical Data

**Options** 

# Accuracy (IS-95 CDMA)

CDMA Base or CDMA Mobile preset, instrument mode of IF (0 - 10 MHz) or RF (2 - 2650 MHz), 2.6 MHz span, full scale signal, result length=200, averages=10.

#### Residual Errors

Error vector magnitude

1% rms

Magnitude error

1% rms

Phase error

0.57° rms

Frequency error

10 Hz

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable.)

Origin I/Q offset

-60 dB

## Signal Acquisition

Note: Signal acquisition does not require an external carrier or symbol clock

Data block length

Adjustable up to 1024 samples (4096 samples with extended RAM option UFG).

Examples (with option UFG):

4096 symbols at 1 point/symbol;

409 samples at 10 points/symbol.

Symbol clock

Internally generated

Carrier lock

Internally locked

#### Triggering

Single/continuous

External

Internal source

Pulse search (searches data block for beginning of TDMA burst, and performs analysis over selected burst length)

## Data synchronization

User-selected synchronization words Arbitrary bit patterns up to 30 symbols long, at any position in a continuous or TDMA burst and measurement result. Up to 6 words can be defined.

#### Arbitrary waveform source

#### RAM-based arbitrary waveforms

Waveform registers Maximum 6

Waveform length

4096 Complex points each

(16,384 with option AYB)

#### Residual accuracy, typical

#### Examples

π/4DQPSK, 24.3

 $EVM \le 0.7\% \text{ rms}$ 

ksymbols/second.

 $\alpha = 0.35$ 

GMSK, 270.833

 $EVM \le 1.0\% \text{ rms}$ 

ksymbols/second,

BT = 0.30

# Digital Video Modulation Analysis — Option AYH (requires option AYA)

This option extends the capabilities of the vector modulation analysis option AYA by adding modulation formats used for digital video transmission. Except where noted, all of the standard capabilities of option AYA are provided for the new modulation formats.

#### Supported modulation formats

Additional modulation formats

8 and 16VSB

16, 32, 64 and 256QAM 16, 32, and 64QAM

(differentially encoded per DVB standard)

# Frequency span

The (2-2650 MHz)-wide receiver mode increases the maximum allowable vector frequency span to 8 MHz. Specifications for this mode are in the RF specification section.

# Maximum symbol rate

Option AYH analyzes vector modulated signals up to a maximum symbol rate determined by the information bandwidth of the receiver mode and the excess bandwidth factor  $(\alpha)$  of the input signal, according to:

 $Max \, Symbol \, Rate \leq \frac{Information \, Bandwidth}{1 + \alpha}$ 

(Note: the maximum symbol rate is doubled for VSB signals.)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Receiver mode} & \mbox{Information bandwidth} \\ \mbox{ch1 + j*ch2} & \leq 20 \mbox{ MHz } \dagger \\ \mbox{0 - 10 MHz} & \leq 10 \mbox{ MHz} \\ \mbox{2 - 2650 MHz - normal} & \leq 7 \mbox{ MHz} \\ \mbox{2 - 2650 MHz - wide} & \leq 8 \mbox{ MHz} \\ \mbox{External} & \leq 10 \mbox{ MHz} \ \dagger \end{array}$ 

Example: For a 64QAM signal ( $\alpha$  = 0.15), the maximum symbol rate for the (2-2650 MHz)-wide receiver is 8 MHz/(1.15) = 6.96 Msymbols/second.

# Measurement results and display formats.

Identical to option AYA measurement results and display formats except for the following changes to the error summary display:

VSB pilot level is shown, in dB relative to nominal. For VSB formats, SNR is calculated from the real

part of the error vector only.

For DVB formats, EVM is calculated without removing IQ offset.

## Accuracy

Residual errors (typical)

8VSB or 16VSB, symbol rate = 10.762 MHz,  $\alpha$  = 0.115, instrument receiver mode of IF 0-10 MHz or RF 2-2650 MHz, 7 MHz span, full-scale signal, range  $\geq$  – 25 dBm, result length = 800, averages = 10.

Residual EVM

 $\leq 1.5\% \, (SNR \geq 36 \, dB)$ 

 $16,\,32,\,64$  or 256 QAM, symbol rate = 6.9 MHz,  $\alpha$  = 0.15, instrument receiver mode of IF 0-10 MHz or RF 2-2650 MHz-wide, 8 MHz span, full-scale signal, range  $\geq -\,25$  dBm, result length = 800, averages = 10.

Residual EVM

 $\leq 1.0\% \, (SNR \geq 40 \, dB)$ 

## **Filtering**

All option AYA filter types are supported except user-defined filters for VSB analysis. Filters are calculated to 40 symbols in length.

# Triggering and Synchronization

All option AYA signal acquisition features are supported except pulse and sync word search for VSB analysis.

# Adaptive Equalization — Option AYH or Option AYJ

(AYJ adds adaptive equalization to option AYA)

This option equalizes the digitally-modulated signal to remove effects of linear distortion (such as unflatness and group delay) in a modulation quality measurement.

Equalizer performance is a function of the filter design (e.g., length, convergence, taps/symbol) and the quality of the signal being equalized.

#### Equalizer

Decision-directed, LMS, feed-forward equalization with adjustable convergence rate.

Filter length

3–99 symbols, adjustable

Filter taps

1,2,4,5,10, or 20 taps/symbol

#### Measurement results

Equalizer impulse response Channel frequency response

#### Supported modulation formats

MSK, BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK,  $\pi/4\mathrm{DQPSK},$  8 PSK, 16 QAM, 32 QAM, 64 QAM, 256 QAM, 8 VSB, 16 VSB

<sup>†</sup> Downconverter dependent.



# Waterfall and Spectrogram — Option AYB

Waterfall

Types Vertical and skewed —

Azimuth adjustable 0 to ± 45 Normal and hidden line With or without baseline.

Adjustable Trace height parameters Buffer depth Elevation Threshold

Spectrogram

Types Color, normal and reversed

Monochrome, normal and

reversed

User color maps (2 total)

Adjustable Number of colors parameters Enhancement

(color-amplitude weighting)

Threshold

#### Trace select

When a waterfall or spectrogram measurement is paused or completed, any trace in the trace buffer can be selected by trace number or by z-axis value. The marker values and marker functions apply to the selected trace.

#### Z-axis value

The z-axis value is the time the trace data was acquired relative to the start of the measurement. The z-axis value of the selected trace is displayed as part of the marker readout.

Display update rate 30 to 60/second, typical

System memory (characteristic only)

Note: In standard configuration, the analyzer has approximately 1-2 Mbytes of free memory for these displays. Option UFG adds 4 Mbytes of free memory.

Memory required (characteristic only)

Displays occupy memory at the rate of 175 traces/Mbyte (for traces of 401 frequency points).

A full screen of 307 traces will require 2.25 Mbytes of free memory.

With option UFG, the analyzer will typically accommodate more than 1000 traces in memory.

# 4 Mbytes Extended RAM and Additional I/O — Option UFG

#### Extended RAM

Extended memory type: 4 Mbytes dynamic RAM Available memory with option UFG installed: Approximately 6 Mbytes, user-allocatable to measurement memory, RAM disk and IBASIC program space.

#### LAN I/O

LAN support: Ethernet (IEEE 802.3) TCP/IP

LAN interface: ThinLAN (BNC connector) or AUI Recommended MAU: HP 28685B (10base-T) or

HP 28683A (FDDI)

Program interface: Send and receive HP-IB programming codes, status bytes and measurement

results in ASCII and/or binary format.

#### HP-IB I/O

Secondary HP-IB port: Per IEEE Std 488.1 and 488.2 Functions: Controller-only; accessible from IBASIC program or front panel commands.

Note: Option UFG is strongly recommended for use with option AYA Vector Modulation Analysis and option AYB Waterfall and Spectrogram.

# Advanced LAN Support — Option UG7

Remote X11 display (characteristic only)

Update rate: > 20 per second, depending on workstation performance and LAN activity.

X11 R4 compatible

X-terminals, UNIX workstations, PC with X-server software

Display:  $640 \times 480$  pixel minimum resolution

required; 1024 × 768 recommended.

FTP data (characteristic only)

Traces A, B, C, D
Data registers D1-D6
Time capture buffer
Disk files (RAM, NVRAM, floppy disk)

Analyzer display plot/print

Note: Option UG7 requires option UFG.

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